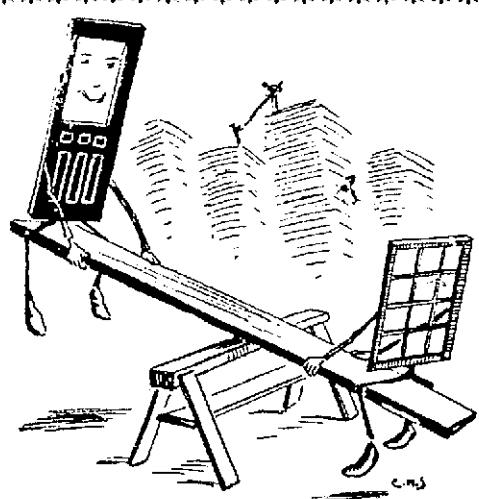


GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Saturday, July 14, 1900.

VOL. XXVIII, NO. 10.



Teeter-Tauter!

Do you remember when you used to do it?
SASH and DOORS are having a picnic.

Just at present Sash are down and we can make
you a low figure on them. Do not pass us by.

Centralia Lumber Company.

East Grand Rapids. West Grand Rapids. Nekoosa.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

When you take an outing we can furnish you with the
good things for lunch. Just you try our

**Ham Loaf, Veal Loaf,
Chicken Loaf, Roast Chicken
and Turkey, Potted Chicken,
Tongue and Ham, Wiener Wurst,
Imported Sardines, Pickles,
Pork and Beans, Celery Mustard,
Fancy Bottled Olives, Salads, etc.**

No trouble to show goods.....

**SPAFFORD, COLE & LIPKE,
GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.**

HARDWARE.

We handle everything in the line of hardware, both heavy
and shelf, and the lines we handle are
always of the best.

Farm Machinery.

....In this line we have.....

**Buggies, Wagons,
Cultivators, Plows,
Seeders, Planters**

and all kinds of repairs, etc., needed by the farmer.

Building Material.

Our stock is complete. Lime, Brick and Cement, Plastering Hair, Windows, Doors, Paint, Oil, Brushes, Locks, Hinges, and Building Material.

Centralia Hdw. 60.,

West Side.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

READY FOR EDITORS.

EVERYTHING NOW IN READINESS FOR THEIR RECEPTION.

They will be Received and Treated in a Manner that will make them Remember
Grand Rapids with Pleasure. The Entire Day to be Occupied
with Some Sort of Amusement.

Bring on your editors! We are prepared for the worst. We can take care of the whole lot and do it right. There's grub enough for the hungriest lot of pencil pushers that ever came down the pike, and there will be entertainment for them also. They won't have to put in all their time looking at the tall buildings or standing on the bridge watching the river run by. Those who are hungry may eat. Those who are thirsty may drink, while the seeker after information will find at his elbow a walking encyclopedia of facts and statistics so that, upon the touching of a button, he will tell him so full of information that it will make his head whirl. Besides the mere sight seeing there have been arranged other things that may be of interest to different parties.

In the afternoon there will be a ball game at the fair grounds between Mauston and Grand Rapids, and the boys promise to put up a good game for the entertainment of all who may care to meander up that way. The numerous factories and industries about the city will be shown during the afternoon to those who care for this sort of thing. It is the intention to give those a boat ride after supper who have any desire in this line, which will be followed by a dance later. The following outline will give a good idea of the day's program and how and when the different events will be managed.

Wisconsin State Press Association.

Reception Committee.

Mayor B. R. Goggins, T. E. Nash, H. Wipperman, Geo. M. Hill,
A. L. Fontaine, Mrs. J. D. Witter, Mrs. N. Johnson,
Mrs. W. H. Carey, Miss Helen Kramer, Mrs. W. T. Jones, Mrs. Geo. M. Hill.

Entertainment Committee.

A. L. Fontaine, W. A. Drumb, N. Johnson, N. Reiland,
L. M. Nash, J. A. Gaynor, W. H. Carey,
D. D. Conway, Dr. D. A. Telfer, Dr. O. T. Hougen, C. F. Kellogg,
D. B. Philleo, F. J. Cameron, Phil Ward,
Dr. F. Poinainville.

Martial—Geo. B. McMillan.

Press Dinner:

Ladies of the First Congregational church.
Ladies of the First M. E. church.

Program.

8:30 a. m. Reception Committee drive to Nekoosa.
11:00 a. m. Press Train arrives at Nekoosa. Reception of members. Inspection of Nekoosa Paper Co. plant.
12:00 m. River drive forums with as many visitors as possible to accommodate and drives to Grand Rapids.
12:30 p. m. Press train arrives at Grand Rapids.
If members of the press will have their baggage ready on leaving train we will give check for it and take it all to the cloak room of the Grand opera house, where a responsible person will be in charge, and they can have access to it all day.
Procession of teams will form and drive to East Side.
Reception room for ladies, second floor Muir building.
Reception room for gentlemen, K. P. Lodge rooms.
Dinner for train arrivals will be mostly taken care of at Masonic hall served by ladies of Methodist society.
Dinner for driving party served at Muir building by ladies of the Congregational society.
Assignment for entertainment of the members to different homes and hotels will be made at dinner.

Sight Seeing.

Dr. A. B. Crawford in charge, assisted by members of Entertainment committee.

Inspection of Manufactories.

Co-operative Electric Light plant.
Hub and Spoke factory.
Grand Rapids Lumber Co. saw mill.
Oberbeck Bros. furniture factory.
Drive up river to "Birch Mill" for those who did not have the river drive from Nekoosa.
Ball game at Fair Grounds.
After ball game there will be athletic sports including:
Broad Jump,
High Jump,
120-yard Hurdle Race,
100-yard Dash,
Hammer Throw,
Discus Throw and Putting the Shot.
Boat Club members will entertain about fifteen "stags" for a little fishing and some "bait" at the Club House for the evening.
5:00 p. m. All meet at Grand opera house, get acquainted and meet your hosts.
Boating. Music by Mandolin Club.
8:00 p. m. Formal reception and dance at Grand opera house.
Emblems to visitors in electric lights.
Admission to dance, \$1.00 per couple. Spectators, 25 cents.
Members of the Press "everything free."
7:00 a. m. Breakfast to visitors.
8:00 a. m. Departure of train.
"God Be With You." "Come Again."

Illegal Fishing.

It is reported by some of the local fishermen that there are parties both up and down the river who make a practice of catching fish with nets. In fact they go so far as to name one party in the neighborhood of Nekoosa who recently caught 175 pounds of fish with the aid of a net. We do not know whether these reports are true, but if they are there is no reason why the guilty parties should not be dealt with according to the law in such matters. After the effort that has been made by the local sportsmen to protect the game fish and help them to multiply by stocking rivers and streams in this locality it is a contemptible piece of business to indulge in this kind of slaughter. Besides this it is breaking the law and is just as much of a misdemeanor as breaking into a man's house and stealing his property. Our game warden should look after these matters. If he is located or so situated so that he cannot attend to the matter it would be a good idea for him to appoint some one to represent him and supply him with information that would lead to the conviction of the guilty parties.

A. B. Crawford, Dentist. Office in Reiland building, Grand Rapids. High grade service at reasonable fees.

New Planing Mill.

The planing mill of the Grand Rapids Lumber company is rapidly nearing completion and inside of another week will be ready for operation. The main building of the mill is 45x70 feet and the boiler house 24x32. The engine, which is being placed in position, is of 100 horse power. The mill will be able to turn out about eight ten cars of lumber when in working order and will give employment to quite a number of men. All of the appliances and machines put in will be of the best and they will be able to handle anything usually turned out by an institution of this kind. The work was delayed somewhat during the past week owing to the inability to secure masons enough to handle the work expeditiously. The cost of the structure and fittings will be \$10,000.

Gone to Chicago.

Lawrence Nash departed last Sunday evening for Chicago where he has entered the offices of the General Paint Company. Lawrence is a son of the Hon. L. M. Nash of this city, and is one of Grand Rapids most promising young men, and that he will give satisfaction in his new position there is no doubt. The well wishes of the Tribune and of his many warm friends in this city go with him.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Library Commissioners hold Annual Meeting Wednesday Night.

The regular annual meeting of the library commissioners was called on Tuesday evening and adjourned for one day. On Wednesday evening there were present J. D. Witter, Frank Garrison, L. M. Nash, Geo. M. Hill, E. P. Arpin, J. A. Gaynor, W. H. Reeves, F. J. Wood, and S. A. Spafford. The former officers were re-elected as follows: President, F. J. Wood; vice-president, J. A. Gaynor; treasurer, J. D. Witter; secretary, W. H. Reeves; librarian, Mrs. W. B. Raymond. The annual report of the library shows the institution to be in a most flourishing condition.

A committee was appointed consisting of E. P. Arpin, J. A. Gaynor and L. M. Nash whose duty it will be to look after the museum feature of the library, which is a thing just added and which will in time no doubt be one of the most interesting rooms of the library building. It is proposed to collect historical matter, relics and specimens that may be of interest to the general public and after being properly classified will be placed in cases in the council room. Take your relics to the committee and help to make this an interesting feature.

A Large Funeral.

The funeral of the late E. B. Brundage on Sunday was one of the largest ever seen in this city and the floral offerings were very beautiful. Eighty-five carriages followed the deceased to his last resting place, besides which the Masonic and K. P. lodges marched to the cemetery, and all these were evidences of the high esteem felt for the departed one. Among the visiting masons who attended the services from abroad were Harry S. Fox, F. E. Halliday, George Wilmet and C. S. Torry of Plover, E. A. Upman and John Anderson of Marshfield, C. E. Lester of Cranbrook, A. E. Gurdy, A. E. Lapham, Wm. Hooper and A. U. Marvin of Nekoosa, D. L. Morris, of Chicago, Editor C. M. Hutchinson, of Necedah, Harry Burt of Rhinelander.

Officers Installed.

District Deputy Grand Master D. B. Smith, of Marshfield was in the city Tuesday and Wednesday. On Tuesday evening he installed the following officers in the local Odd Fellows lodge: R. A. Dunaven, N. G. P. L. Utley V. G., Henry Rablin R. Sec., A. W. Davis P. See, H. H. Voss Treas. After the installation the ladies of the Rebecca degree served ice cream and cake and a social time was indulged by the members.

Mr. Smith went from here to Pittsville where he will install the officers of the lodge tonight and on Tuesday night he will perform the same duty at Marshfield.

Family Reunion.

Messrs. and Mesdames Paul Mosher, James Bronson, of West Grand Rapids, Fred Mosher, Andrew Mosher, of Marshfield, Wis., and the Misses Jessie and Mattie Bronson and Master Geo. Bronson spent last week at Leota where a family reunion was held at the old Mosher homestead. There were three generations of this family present making in all forty-three but others of the family were unable to be there. Had the whole family been present there would have been sixty-four members.

Entertained at Cinch.

Miss Edie Goggins entertained a number of young people "cinch" at the home of Dr. and Mrs. F. Poinainville last Tuesday evening. The party was given in honor of her guest Miss Olive Proell and those present were the Misses Edie Goggins, Matrine and Lona Johnson, Mabel McCauley, Ethel Kelly, Katie McCarthy, Nellie Ward, Eva Jones, Olive Proell, and Messrs. Edward Whitney, Chas. Poinainville, W. L. Fayant, F. L. Steib, Len Smith, Theo. Brazeau, Otto Roenius and John Belanger.

Married.

John A. Margeson and Miss Edna Marie Smith were married in this city on Wednesday at the home of Walter J. Smith, Rev. F. A. Ximil performing the ceremony. The young couple made a trip to Wausau, returning here Friday. The bride is a sister to Walter Smith our well known townsmen and the groom is well known in the city. They will make their home here. The Tribune extends congratulations.

Directors Re-elected.

At the meeting of the Jackson Milling company on Tuesday the former board of directors was re-elected. They are J. D. Witter, G. W. Paulins, Frank Garrison, Isaac Witter, and Mrs. G. W. Paulins. J. D. Witter was again elected president and G. W. Paulins secretary and treasurer.

Want to Locate Here.

One of the Green Brothers, of Stevens Point, was in the city Thursday with a view to locating here. The firm owns large substances and a dry goods store at the Point.

Died.

The many friends in this city of Miss Myrtle Timian, will be sorry to learn of her death which occurred at her home in Amherst, Friday morning of consumption. The remains will be brought to this city next Monday for burial.

Ed. Welch.

Ed. Welch of Chicago, is the guest of his sisters, Mrs. Pat Star and Mrs. Jas. Howlett.

PHOTOGRAPHS

Of all styles and sizes. The latest in Cabinets and Mantelios. All sizes in Oval.

SEE MY PRICES

On large pictures. I can make you photos up to 20x24 in size finished in Platino. These are the nicest large photos made. Prices the Lowest.

O. KAURIN,

WEST SIDE.

Wood Co. National Bank,

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

Capital \$50,000.

Surplus \$8,500.

E. GARRISON, President.

L. M. ALEXANDER, Vice Pres.

P. J. WOOD, Cashier

COMMENCED BUSINESS

NOVEMBER 1, 1891.

DIRECTORS:

L. M. ALEXANDER

THOS. E. NASH

E. ROENIUS

E. J. WOOD

All business connected with banking is earnestly solicited, and we pronounce prompt and careful attention to every detail. Interest paid on time deposits.

The Influence of a Home Is Very Powerful.



The furnishings needn't be expensive, but they should be artistic, pretty and cheerful. Art and beauty in the home should be the character of the boys and girls—awaken and educate the finer senses. They're not slow to bring their friends to a pretty home, and if home is unattractive, they spend very little time there. Our furniture is as artistic as any—more durable than most—lower priced than any hereabouts.

J. W. NATWICK,

West Side. Grand Rapids, Wis.

DO YOUR FEET BOTHER YOU THIS HOT DRY WEATHER?

....If so take them to....

Muir, The Shoe Man,

And let him fit you properly to a pair of light weight Summer Shoes, Oxford or Slipper. Half the trouble of peoples' feet is that they are not properly fitted. We make a specialty of fitting the feet, and do not give you a E. E. when your foot requires a B or C. We have a very complete line for Men, Women and Children.

Red Shoes and Slippers

for the Little Ones in great variety.

.MUIR..

The Shoe Man

East Side. Grand Rapids, Wis.

BRYAN NOMINATED AGAIN.

Democratic National Convention
Chooses Old Leader.

FREESILVER PLATFORM

The Usual Flood of Oratory and Bursts
of Enthusiasm. Text of
the Platform.

Conventions Hall, Kansas City, Mo., July 5.—Convention Hall was again packed today by eager and excited delegations. Long before the time set for opening the second day's proceedings of the convention all of the streets approaching the building were filled with thousands moving toward the many entrances. Excitement was at a high pitch and it was universally felt that the day had in store the great events of the convention. By 10 o'clock, thirty minutes before the time set for the opening of the convention, nearly every seat in the gallery was occupied.

Richardson Swings His Gavel.

At 11 o'clock the slender figure of Chairman H. C. Richardson leaped up above the platform assembly. He swung the gavel justly and above the din faintly could be heard his call for order. Slowly quiet was brought out of the confusion and the chairman presented Rev. John J. Gleman for the opening.

Philippe Policy is Condemned.

We condemn and denounce the Philippine policy of the present administration. It has invaded the republic in an unnecessary war, sacrificed the lives of many of our nobles sons and placed the United States, previously known and appreciated throughout the world as the champion of freedom, independence and Americanism, in a position of contempt. In this fundamental principles we denounce the Porto Rico law enacted by a Republican Congress against the protest and opposition of the Democratic minority as a bold and open violation of the nation's organic law and a flagrant breach of the national good faith. It imposes upon the people of Porto Rico a government without their consent and taxation without representation. It dishonors the American people by repudiating a solemn pledge made to their children by the fathers. We are opposed to this private corporation which exists as money, but without legal tender qualities, and demand the retirement of the national banknotes as fast as government paper or silver certificates can be substituted for them.

Direct Vote for Senators.

We favor an amendment to the federal constitution providing for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

Wherever practicable.

We are opposed to government by influence; we denounce the blacklist and favor arbitration as a means of settling disputes between corporations and their employees.

In the interest of American labor and the uplifting of the workingman as the cornerstone of the prosperity of our country we recommend that Congress create a department of labor in charge of a secretary, with a staff of experts, believing that the elevation of the American laborer will bring with it increased production and increased prosperity to our country at home and to our commerce abroad.

The Philippines cannot be citizens without endangering our civilization; they cannot be subjects without imperiling our form of government, and as we are not willing to surrender our civilization or to convert the republic into an empire we favor an immediate declaration of the nation's purpose to give to the Philippines first a stable form of government, second, independence, and third, protection from outside interference such as has been given to nearly a century to the republics of Central and South America.

The greedy commercialism which dictated the Philippine policy of the Republican administration attempts to justify it with the plea that it will pay, but even this solid and unworthy plea fails when brought to the test of facts. The war of "splendid isolation," which the Philippines, entailing an annual expense of many millions, has already cost more than any possible profit that could accrue from the entire Philippine trade for years to come.

Furthermore, when trade is extended at the expense of liberty the price is always too high. We are not opposed to territorial expansion when it takes in desolate territory which can be erected into states in the Union and whose people are worthy and to be loyal American citizens. We have favored expansion by every constitutional and legitimate means. But we are unalterably opposed to the seizing or purchasing of distant islands to be governed outside the continental and whose people can never be come citizens.

We are in favor of extending the republic's influence among the nations, but believe that influences should be exerted by force and violence, but through the example and power of light and honorable example. The importance of other questions now pending before the American people is no longer doubtful and the Democratic party takes no backward step from its position on them, but the burning issue of imperialism growing out of the Spanish war involves the very existence of the republic and the destruction of our free institutions. We regard it as the paramount issue of the campaign.

Monroe Doctrine is Upheld.

The declaration in the Republican platform adopted at the Philadelphia convention held in June, 1890, that the Republican party "staunchly adheres to the policy announced in the Monroe doctrine" is manifestly false and deceptive. This concession is contradicted by the avowed policy of that party in opposition to the spirit of the Monroe doctrine in acquiring and holding sovereignty over large areas of territory and large numbers of people in the Eastern hemisphere.

We insist on the strict maintenance of the Monroe doctrine in all its integrity, both in letter and in spirit, as necessary to prevent the extension of European authority on this continent and an essential factor in our supremacy in America. At the same time we declare that no American people shall ever be held by force in unwilling subjection to European authority.

We oppose militarism. It means conquest abroad and subjugation and oppression at home. It means the strong arm which has ever been fatal to free institutions.

We oppose the maintenance of a surplus of troops in foreign lands, and an unnecessary burden of taxation and an constant menace to their liberties. A small standing army and a well disciplined militia are ample sufficient in time of peace.

This republic has no place for a vast military service and conscription. When the nation is in danger the volunteer soldier is the truest and best defender. The nation's safety and welfare should ever be cherished in the patriotic hearts of a free people. Such organizations are ever an element of strength and safety.

Appeal to the People.

Believing that our most cherished institutions are in great peril, that the very existence of our constitutional republic is at stake, and that the decision now to be rendered will determine whether or not our children are to enjoy these blessed privileges of free government which have made the United States great, prosperous and honored, we earnestly ask that the foregoing declaration of principles be heartily supported by all patriotic American people, regardless of previous party affiliations.

Stevenson Nominated.

Convention Hall, Kansas City, Mo., July 6.—The convention spent the entire day in listening to speeches placing in nomination candidates for the vice-presidency. The feature of the day was the positive declination of Senator Hill to accept the place. This he did in a speech from the platform. He was clearly the choice of the convention and it was with difficulty that he headed off a stampede to him. With Hill out of the way Adlai E. Stevenson, formerly vice-president, was the favorite and all other nominees went down before him. He received 550,000 votes on the first ballot and his nomination was made unanimous. His nomination was made unanimous. The convention adjourned sine die at 3:21 p.m.

With War on Trusts.

Private monopolies are indefensible and hateful. They destroy competition, control the price of all material and of the products produced. Thus robbing both producer and consumer, they add wealth to overwhem with force the Spanish-American colonies.

Smoking, as we do, for the entire American nation, except its republican citizens, and for all free men everywhere, we extend our sympathies to the heroic belligerents in their unequal struggle to maintain their liberty and independence.

We denounce the lavish appropriations of recent republican congresses, which have kept taxes high and which threaten the repetition of the oppressive war levies.

We oppose the maintenance of a surplus of troops in foreign lands, and an unnecessary burden of taxation and an constant menace to their liberties. A small standing army and a well disciplined militia are ample sufficient in time of peace.

We favor the reduction and speedy repeal of the tax laws and a return to the time-honored democratic policy of strict economy in governmental expenditures.

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Food for British Soldiers.

Meat and Butter Sent from Manitowoc to Transvaal.

Manitowoc, Wis., July 11.—[Special.]—The Am. Arbor carferry No. 1 yesterday took out of this port a cargo consisting of nineteen carloads of meat and one carload of butter consigned to England and to be shipped from there to the English soldiers in the Transvaal. On board were also two carloads of Milwaukee beer for New York parties.

The adoption of the platform followed

DEATH UNDER WHEELS.

Edward Padden of Fond du Lac
Killed by a Train.

FELL FROM A FREIGHT.

Train Could Not be Stopped and
Three Cars Passed Over
His Body.

Kenosha, Wis., July 11.—[Special.]—Edward Padden of Fond du Lac, a brakeman on the Chicago & North Western railway, met with a horrible death near the village of Pleasant Prairie last evening. He was assisting the other men on the train in switching some cars when he slipped and fell and went under the wheels. The other men saw the lantern carried by Padden fly up in the air and they made every effort to stop the train, but it was too late, as three cars, heavily laden with gravel, had passed over the brakeman, cutting his body completely in two pieces.

His remains were picked up by his comrades and a special train brought them back to Kenosha, where they were turned over to the coroner. The father and mother of Padden arrived this morning and took charge of the remains and will take them back to Fond du Lac this afternoon for interment. Young Padden was 23 years of age and was one of the best-known young men in Fond du Lac. The body will be brought here at 4:20 o'clock this afternoon and taken to the family residence, 16 Brooks street.

Two Other Wrecks.

Yesterday seemed to be a bad day for the railway company in Kenosha for two wrecks are reported beside the killing of young Padden. Shortly after 6 o'clock last night two freight cars were telescoped in the yards and as a result of the damage the entire line to the north was in danger as all telegraphic connection with Milwaukee and Racine was cut. The cars were backed into each other in the yards and one of them broke away from the trucks and shooting over the other car struck a telegraph pole. The pole was demolished and the wires which connected Kenosha with the north were all cut.

All connection was cut off for some time but no serious accident resulted from the broken lines beyond a delay of trains.

A short time after the wreck in the yards three cars were knocked off a side-track in the Chicago and Rockford Hoosier company's yards, entailing a considerable property loss to the company.

A Prentice Accident.

M. L. Lesselbyoung, a carpenter, was the victim of a very peculiar accident here today. He was in the store of A. Hinckley when a chisel fell from a step-ladder striking him on the head. A severe wound was inflicted.

Freight Trains Collide.

Portage, Wis., July 11.—Freight No. 65 and an extra westbound freight on the Milwaukee road had a head-end collision at Elba. The engines were badly smashed, but no one was injured.

DOCTORS DISAGREE.

Body of Manitowoc Man May Be
Exhumed to Determine Cause
of Death.

Hay's-Pancreafe Treaty a Crime.

We condemn the Hay-Pancreafe treaty as a surrender of American rights and interests, not to be tolerated by the American people.

We denounce the failure of the Republican party to carry out its pledges to grant statehood to the territories immediate statehood and home rule during their condition as territories, and we favor home rule and a territorial form of government for Alaska and Partie Rica.

We favor an intelligent system of improving the arid lands of the West, storing the waters for purposes of irrigation and the holding of such lands for actual settlers.

Enforces Chinese Exclusion.

We favor the continuance and strict enforcement of the Chinese exclusion law and its application to the same classes of all Asiatic races.

Jefferson said: "Peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none."

We approve this wholesome doctrine and earnestly protest against the republican party which has involved us in so-called politics, including the diplomacy of Europe, the intrigues and land-grabbing of Asia, and we are fully convinced that the unenlightened Republican alliance with England, which must mean discrimination against other friendly nations, and which has already stifled the nation's voice while liberty is being stilled in Africa.

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VALUABLE INVENTION.

Menasha Man Perfects a New Style
Telegraph Instrument Like a
Phonograph Receiver.

Married at Eighty.

Mr. Thomas became a resident of Racine in the year of 1845 and operated a dray line and had several horses going.

Three times he has been married. Thirteen children were born to him by his first two wives and three sons and three daughters are still living.

His third married took place at Randolph, Wis., when he was 80 years old, and little is known of it here. When 100 years old he joined the Welsh Presbyterian church.

Without a doubt Mr. Thomas was the oldest man in the state. He had grown feeble and his death was not unexpected.

Perjury Charged.

Famous Case on Trial at Marquette

—Testimony Declared

False.

Marquette, Wis., July 11.—[Special.]—A further saving in the cost of coal for state institutions has been made by the state board of control through contracts closed for 3000 tons of Toguchinghy screenings for the Home for Feeble-minded and the city attorney was instructed to draft an ordinance for the issuance of school bonds in that amount. Bonds of contractors were approved and accepted.

Manitowoc, Wis., July 11.—[Special.]—The voters of school district No. 4 have decided to erect a new \$20,000 schoolhouse. The building is to be an eight-room structure and will be built in the Fifth ward, at the corner of Clark and Twenty-first streets. The building committee is now at work negotiating a loan of \$20,000 at not more than 1 per cent, for ten years, to be paid in installments of \$2000 per annum. A committee of three, consisting of Ald. A. H. Dahl, J. P. Nolan and C. C. Erz, was appointed to confer with the committees of the other wards of the city respecting the establishment of a central high school system in this city.

SAVE MONEY FOR STATE

Coal Contracts Are Let at a Lower

Figure than Original

Bids.

Madison, Wis., July 11.—[Special.]—A further saving in the cost of coal for state institutions has been made by the state board of control through contracts closed for 3000 tons of Toguchinghy screenings for the Home for Feeble-minded and the city attorney was instructed to draft an ordinance for the issuance of school bonds in that amount. Bonds of contractors were approved and accepted.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., July 11.—[Special.]—A like reduction for the same coal was secured for the industrial school at Wausau for 2300 tons. Both contracts went to Cox Bros. of Milwaukee. The board is at Oshkosh today and the coal contracts will probably be awarded there.

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Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUDS & SUTOR.

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

A Democratic Newspaper published on Saturday of each week, at Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wis.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50

Six Months.....\$1.00

Grand Rapids, Wis., July 14, 1900.

A REMARKABLE MAN.

One of Our Citizens Who can Talk Many Languages.

It isn't considered necessary as a general thing to understand more than one language in order to be able to fix or make a pair of shoes in proper shape, but notwithstanding this fact, Grand Rapids is the person of Gottfried Bruderli has a shoemaker who can converse fluently in seven languages and understand several more. German is the language Mr. Bruderli learned first, and he is probably a trifle better versed in this language than any other, but he also speaks French, Italian, Arabic, Turkish, Spanish, and English. Then he has a passing acquaintance with Polish, Greek, Norwegian, Swede and Danish. He has acquired this unusual knowledge of languages during his travels in the old world, before coming to this country, and his meanderings were quite more varied than is general for one in his vocation.

Mr. Bruderli was born in Switzerland in 1854. His father followed the shoemaking profession and here is where young Bruderli got his knowledge of this trade. He was given a fairly good education and graduated from the highest school in his locality. Here he studied German, French, English and Greek and had a fairly good understanding of the languages. When 16 years old he bade goodbye to his parents and left for France intending to see some of the world. He roamed about more or less, working part of the time at his trade of shoemaking and some of the time on a railroad. After two years of this nomadic life he returned to his native country and worked as conductor on a railroad. During his stay he had perfected himself in French and his knowledge of languages stood him in hand in his present position. After four years on the railroad he again went to France this time making his residence in Paris. Here he worked as porter in a hotel and in several other places varied with short stretches at shoemaking, and he talked French so fluently that at this time none knew but that he was a Frenchman by birth.

It was about this time that things began to warm up over in Egypt and as there was a demand for able bodied men Mr. Bruderli thought it would be a good place for him. So in 1881 he packed his grip and started for Alexandria. He got a position as sergeant on the police force and while acting in this capacity he had enough experience to satisfy the most exacting seeker after excitement. It was soon after his arrival that Arabi Pasha got the reigns into his hands and was running things to suit himself down in that locality and he and his army of invaders didn't do a thing but keep matters burning night and day. The Europeans were looked upon as legitimate game wherever encountered and to murder a few white people was as good a pastime as they wanted. After the murder of the Europeans began there was a grand rush to get out of the country, and every departing steamer was loaded with the fleeing refugees, but there was not enough boats to accomodate anything like the number that wanted to go. Alexandria at that time was a beautiful city of 300,000 population, but when the Arabs got through with their burning, pillage and murder it was a mass of blackened ruins, as the entire European quarter was burned and thousands of white people murdered. The scenes enacted during this time are more horrible than can be imagined and as cholera was raging at the same period it was a fearful time. On one occasion when Mr. Bruderli was making his rounds with a comrade his friend got out of the vehicle for some purpose and when he came to start up the man was nowhere to be found, and diligent search failed to discover his whereabouts and in fact he never saw him again either dead or alive. He found afterward that the man had dropped in the street either from the heat or cholera and had died from the latter disease.

After the burning of the European quarter of the city there was an unlimited chance for thieves and bands of marauders. Mr. Bruderli says that had he been so inclined he might have stolen enough money to have made him a rich man, as there was plenty of valuable lying about, there being many safes and vaults left in the ruins and these were being looted by the natives whenever there was a chance, which was pretty much all the time during the excitement incident to such unsanctioned.

During part of his stay in Egypt Mr. Bruderli was engaged for Gen. Gordon, who was a command of the English forces and who was afterward killed at Khartoum. In this capacity he had many experiences of narrow escapes, being wounded most of the time in driving chariot races.

During his stay in Alexandria and Egypt he was in great demand with every authority from the English as well as the Arabic and other African tribes and thus caused him to become more or less a public人物 in those countries.

From Alexandria he went to Soudan and C. S. and Soudan where he was again popular, and here he saw some of the worst scenes of the whole trip. From Soudan he again went to his home in Switzerland where he arrived in 1884, but he was rather tired out from so much traveling to try the new and easier line, having been pretty well over the world in his travels. He arrived in America in 1885 and having made a home in Grand Rapids he came to this city where he has since lived, having married in 1886.

Mr. Bruderli is decidedly a home

body and sees him at work in his comfortable little shop in the west side of town, working busily and you would never guess him for a man who had been pretty much over the world and taken an active part in one of the greatest revolutions recorded in history. His home on the east side is a very tidy looking place and left an inch of ground goes to waste. There are many fruit and shade trees about his place that he has planted and attended to and he also has a well kept garden. In one corner of the yard there is an enclosure built of wire screen that keeps in a flock of chickens, his favorite breed being Silver Laced Wyandottes and he is very careful to keep the breed of the purest. During the past couple of years he has gone in for Belgian Hares, and has a number of both old and young ones and he is always ready to show the visitor about his place and through his rabbits.

There is probably as many different nationalities about this section as will be found anywhere, but there is never a one that Mr. Bruderli cannot talk to and transact business with without the services of an interpreter. He has certainly a remarkable memory and thinks nothing whatever of the proficiency he has acquired in this line.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

The Ladies' Aid society of the German Moravian church will give an ice cream social on the lawn at the home of the pastor, Jackson homestead, on Friday evening July 20th, 1900. Give the ladies a chance to serve you a delicious dish of ice cream.

FAIR FOR SALE.—A one hundred and twenty acre farm located about three miles from this city on the Randolph road. A good dwelling house on same. For particulars write to Mrs. P. Walsh, Eagle River, Wis.

How would you like to take a few weeks vacation, and rejuvenate and recuperate, among the islands of the Great Lakes. Nothing will do you so much good after your year's wear and tear of business. Ask the agent of the G. B. & W. about this.

Henry Timm, of the town of Grand Rapids, was in the city on Sunday last. Mr. Timm has been teaching school at Kenosha the past year and that he has given entire satisfaction in his work is proven by the fact that he has been re-engaged at an increase of salary.

Register of Deeds Jas. Vaughn has offered a gold medal to be given to the member of Co. A 2d Regt. W. N. G., who makes the highest score at fixed distances this summer during the annual encampment at Camp Douglas. This adds considerable zest to the shooting among the company this year.

Miss Grace Getts has bought the millinery establishment of Mrs. Karpen on the west side and will carry on the business. She is making some needed improvements and invites the public to give her a share of its patronage. Miss Allen will return in the fall and do the trimming for Miss Getts.

Mrs. Anton Christman and little daughter, of Stevens Point, arrived in the city last Wednesday and are guests of her father, J. D. LaBreche and her sister, Mrs. Chas. Gouger. The Misses Angeline and Elenore Gouger, who have been visiting Mrs. Christman for the past two weeks, came home with her.

Judge John A. Gaynor has been at Stevens Point the past week together with Geo. W. Ghoca, of Waukesha, and Chas. A. Holmes, of New London, the commissioners appointed to re-assess the real estate of Portage county, have been busy getting statistics at the court house. Later they will make a tour of the county.

Louis Gardipee, who had lived in this city for a long time, died at Bridge River, British Columbia about three weeks ago. Mr. Gardipee went to the northwest country about three years ago with Albert Sweeney, and it was in a letter from this gentleman that the news of his death was received. Decedae was about 60 years of age.

Never a year passes that Dr. McElwee doesn't visit some of the largest hospitals, adding to his experience which is so helpful in his special line of practice. He will shortly return from France where for several years he has procured many of the special remedies which he uses so successfully in treating all forms of chronic diseases.

A meeting of the Northwestern Wisconsin Medical association was held at Stevens Point last Tuesday at which time Dr. Frank Pomainville, of this city, was admitted to membership. Dr. K. H. Sweetman, of this city also attended the meeting. Dr. Byron Robinson, a former oratorian of this city, read a paper before this meeting entitled "Five Hundred Abdominal Autopsies."

H. Juncan of Dodge City, Kansas, was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jasen Crotican at the Hotel Lyon several days this week. Mr. Juncan formerly resided here, but this was his first visit to this city in many years. He is a citizen of Jasper, Indiana and while here met many of the old time soldiers and enjoyed himself immensely talking over old times. Mr. Juncan is engaged in the lumber business at Dodge City.

As the weather has been bad and care to send them to Nels, so next Monday to give the soldiers a few from that village, the well pleased to hear their names, Mr. A. M. Blair so that he may add the names of rigs donated for that purpose. It is a beautiful drive along the river bank between the two cities. Now we are leaving the country in this manner will be an experience for all of us that will be really delightful.

John Hollander has been bothered by a lung trouble. A few weeks ago he sent in a letter his doctor and said he had a cold, but Mr. Hollander said it was the time but that the trouble had not been carried away by a lung trouble. However, he bought a book and took care to follow this out of the way where a lung could not reach it. The book he received just the same and now Mr. Hollander would like to meet the fellow who has such a partiality for smoked meat.

Was it a Miracle?

"The miraculous cure of Mrs. Rose M. Sturt of Washington has created quite an excitement," Captain F. J. writes. "Mrs. Sturt, a delicate daughter of Munroe, Ind., severely ill for 18 months when her doctor in Yorktown said she must soon die. Then she began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and gained 57 pounds in weight and was completely cured." It has cured thousands of hopeless cases, and is positively guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung diseases, fits and flux. Trial bottles free at Johnson & Hill Co.'s drug store.

First Congregational Church.

MAPLE AVENUE, WEST SIDE.

Rev. B. J. H. Shaw, pastor. Public services for Sunday, July 15, 1900.

10:30 a. m. Morning service. Subject, "The Mystery of Silence and Message to Bereaved."

12 m. Sunday School.

7:30 p. m. Evening service. Subject, "Is there any Virtue in Laziness?"

Anthems and solos at each service.

An Epidemic of Diarrhoea.

Mr. A. Sanders, writing from Coconut Grove, Fla., says there has been quite an epidemic of diarrhoea there. He had a severe attack and was cured by four doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He says he also recommended it to others and they say it is the best medicine they ever used. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co.

Excursions via the G. B. Line.

For the Biennial Convention Republican League of the U. S. at St. Paul on July 15, 16 and 17, limited to one fare plus \$2.00 for round trip. For 50 cents additional, these tickets will be extended, good to return August 21st or before.

A. D. Hill, Agent.

The St. Paul road will sell excursion tickets to the Dells, Kilbourn City on July 29 at \$2.00, one fare for the round trip. Leave Centralia at 8:01, returning arrive at 9:00 p. m.

A marriage license has been issued to Wm. Bobolski, of this city and Mary Koloski, of the town of Sigel.

Report of the Financial Condition of the First National Bank.

Located at Grand Rapids, State of Wisconsin, at the close of business on the 29th day of June, 1900.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....	\$20,224.46
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured.....	14,962.45
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation.....	14,000.00
Stocks and Securities.....	2,400.50
Banking houses, insurance and fixtures.....	1,325.83
Bankers and other stocks and Bankers.....	1,451.59
Draws upon approved reserve agents.....	21,453.75
Checks and other cash items.....	2,449.31
Notes of other National Banks.....	641.00
Fractional paper cur, teleks, and cts.....	27.94
Legal Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
Specie.....	\$12,063.66
Total.....	\$95,721.61

STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1888.

COUNTY OF WOOD, 1888.

I, E. T. Harmon, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. T. HARMON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of July, 1900.

A. G. Miller, Notary Public.

Correct Address:

J. H. Wurtsch, Chas. Brader, Directors.
Wm. Stover, Director.

LEGAL NOTICES.

(First Publication 7-14-WD)

Notice of Application.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1888.

In the Matter of the Estate of Emma Charisa Arpin, deceased.

On this 14th day of July, A. D. 1900, upon reading and filing the petition of Daniel J. Arpin stating that Emma Charisa Arpin of the county of Wood, died intestate, on or about the 16th day of June, 1900, and praying that Arpin be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased.

In Re: ARPIN, That said application be heard before me at the earliest opportunity in the County of Wood, on the 3rd day of September, A. D. 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to the time appointed for said hearing.

By the Court,

JOHN A. GAYNOR,
County Judge.

(First Publication 7-14-WD)

Foreclosure Sale.

State of Wisconsin—Wood County—

In Circuit Court.

Gen. L. Williams, Plaintiff.

Industrie E. Gratzinger and Clara L. Gratzinger his wife, and August Bernick, Jr. and his wife, Defendants.

By virtue of and pursuant to judgment of foreclosure rendered and entered in the above entitled action in said court on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1900, I am exposed for sale at the time and place appointed for hearing the property situated in the 10th block of Madison Street, in the city of Wausau, in the County of Marathon, in the State of Wisconsin, containing six acres, together with buildings thereon, subject to a mortgage of \$1,000.

For further information apply to the Plaintiff, JOHN A. GAYNOR, County Judge.

MICHAEL VINCENT, Sheriff of Marathon Co., Wis.

July 14, 1900.

JOHN A. GAYNOR, County Judge.

Grand Rapids Tribune

Buy Your....

DRUGS

— and —

Medicines

...from...

Sam Church,

The Druggist.

Prescriptions a Specialty.

E. B. FRITZINGER,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

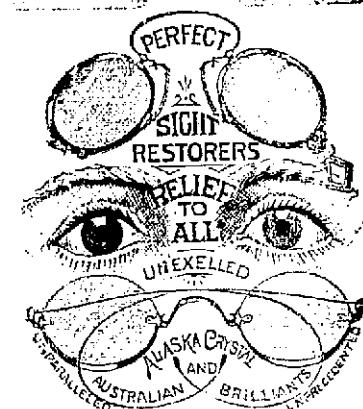
MONEY TO LOAN.

Daly Block, West Side.
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

BRICK...

This Season's Product now on the market. Write for prices.

CENTRAL WIS. PRESSED BRICK CO.,
Marshfield, Wisconsin.



I can fit your eyes with properly constructed glasses, no matter what the defect may be. All styles of rims to suit any shaped face.

EYES TESTED FREE.

Come in and have your eyes tested if you have any trouble with them. I can remedy the ailment.

A. P. HIRZY.

USE . . .

VICTORIA

...OR...

SUNBEAM



FLOUR

**NONE EXCEL
And
Few Equal It.**

All Grocers Handle It.

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, soothing, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get the genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sold for \$1.00 per box.

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result.

The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sold for \$1.00 per box.

For Sale by Johnson and Hill Co., agents for Centralia and Grand Rapids Wis.

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Mrs. E. C. Smith left Thursday for Merrill where she expects to spend a couple of weeks visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. McGivern and Miss Harriet Loring, of Pittsville, were in the city shopping last Saturday.

Miss Lucy Woodworth, of Pittsville, came over last Sunday to attend the funeral of the late H. B. Brandege.

Chief musician A. P. Adams of the Second Regt. Band, of Marshfield, transacted business here on Tuesday.

Miss Florence Bailey, of Wausau, arrived here today and will visit with Miss Vinnie Pedowitz for a few days.

Mrs. H. Booth returned Wednesday from Tomahawk where she has been visiting the past week with her husband.

T. J. Cooper has announced that he is a candidate for the nomination for clerk of the court on the Republican ticket.

Miss Minnie Plekne has resigned her position as clerk in J. A. Cohen's store. She is succeeded by Miss Mary Molinski.

Mrs. N. Johnson entertained a number of ladies "at tea" last Saturday afternoon in honor of Mrs. C. A. Coon, of Madison.

A brick walk has been built about the business place of the Centralia Hardware Co. and the improvement is very marked.

James Cosgrove, Jr., foreman of the G. B. & W. roundhouse in this city, visited with his parents at Stevens Point last week.

Mrs. H. L. Brooks, of Tomahawk, has been spending the past week in the city a guest of her mother, Mrs. M. J. Belanger.

Ex-Mayor Theron Lyon spent several days the past week in Chicago purchasing new machinery for his saw mill in this city.

Miss Genevieve Spencer, who has been a guest of Mrs. D. D. Conway, departed for her home at Washington, D. C., last Tuesday.

W. T. Jones, general agent for the farm machinery firm of Kingman & Co., of Peoria, Ill., spent Sunday with his family in this city.

—Have A. A. Carter call for your laundry. Orders can be left at Brzezanski's barber shop. All work guaranteed. 6-16 w6.

The Democratic convention for the eighth district will be held at New London on August 25th. Wood county is entitled to four delegates.

Miss Olive Whiting, of this city, spent last Tuesday at Stevens Point in attendance at the funeral of her old friend, Mrs. Blodina Tack.

Among the aspirants for nomination on the democratic ticket this fall is John Juno, of Marshfield. Mr. Juno is partial to the office of sheriff.

Mrs. L. Brown, of Grand Rapids, returned to her home Monday, after a six week visit with her cousin, Mrs. S. W. Smith.—Eagle River News.

Harry A. Burt, of Rhinelander, a schoolmate and brother mason of E. B. Brandege, came down Saturday to be present at the funeral Sunday.

Mr. Chet. Woodford, of Menominee, Mich., arrived here today and will spend a few days with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Freeman.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph LaVaque, of LaCrosse, have been guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. LaVaque at Rudolph the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Baynton and Mrs. Baynton's sister, Miss Weaver, made a trip to Marshfield this week and visited relatives and other friends.

—Currants, gooseberries and black-caps ready for delivery.—Telephone 181, either morning, noon or evening to Riverdale Farm.

B. E. Walters the Pittsville Pilot man, had a proper celebration on the Fourth at his home. Mrs. Walters presented her husband with a baby boy.

Mr. and Mrs. Luft, who have been visiting with the family of District Atty. Conway during last week, returned to their home at Madison on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Henderson and children, of Star Lake and Mr. A. Merriman, of Plainfield were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Potter the past week.

J. J. Haas, who resides near Milladore has announced that he is a candidate for the nomination for sheriff for Portage county on the republican ticket.

Mrs. E. Drewery, who has been running a restaurant on the east side during the past month, last week closed her establishment and removed from the city.

Geo. A. Delap, foreman in the Marshfield News office, was in the city last Sunday in attendance at the funeral of his former employer, the late E. B. Brandege.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Bennett departed on Wednesday for Cameron, Wis., where they expect to camp for the next three weeks near one of their cranberry marshes.

Miss Laura Schmitt left for her home in Merrill today to be absent a couple of months. She will return here in September to reopen her millinery establishment.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Connor, of Marshfield, attended the funeral of the late E. B. Brandege last Sunday. While here they were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Witter.

Ollie Gault is taking a week's lay-off from his duties as clerk at F. J. Luce & Co.'s and is spending the time with his cousin, Nathan Church, at Grand Rapids.—Plainfield Sun.

C. E. Lester, of Cranmoor, was in the city the first of the week. Mr. Lester says that at least 50 per cent of his cranberries were damaged by the frost of two weeks ago.

Miss Ethel Madigan, daughter of Rev. Chr. Madigan, former pastor of the Moravian church in this city, but who is now located at Unionville, Mich., is visiting friends in this city.

—It stands alone in towers above. There's no other, nay, not even a warning pealing to the heart of mankind. Such is Rocky Mountain Tea.

The Misses Laura and Stella Emmons, of this city, have applied for positions as teachers in the Mihlendorf schools, the former in the upper and the latter in the lower grade.

—Dr. J. C. Condie, Dentist, Office over the Centralia Drug Co.'s store in Daly block, Centralia, Wis.

—Dr. Mrs. Madigan, daughter of Rev.

Mr. K. N. Kanner leaves today for Stevens Point to have said her business in this city. In return Mrs. Kanner wishes to thank her many parties for their good favors.

P. Nowakowski has moved his family into the Circuit House near the Green Bay depot. His intention is to build on the vacant lots just south of the depot and go into business.

Among other visiting members of the Masonic order who attended the funeral services of E. B. Brandege here on Sunday was John Anderson, conductor of the M. & S. E. road.

—The wagon of the Riverside Steam Laundry will call at Port Edwards twice each week. Save your bundle for us.

The Democratic State convention for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various elective offices, will be held at Milwaukee August 22. Wood county is entitled to eight delegates.

At the thirtieth senatorial district convention held at Merrill last Wednesday, D. E. Riordan, of Eagle River, was unanimously re-nominated for senator by the republicans of that district.

At a convention of the republicans of the ninth district held at Antigo last Tuesday, Webster E. Brown, a well known lumberman of Rhinelander, was nominated for congress on the first ballot.

Chas. Smith conductor on one of the G. B. & W. freight trains who has been running a passenger train on the Keweenaw Line for the past month, is back on his old run again between here and Green Bay.

—35c, 35c, not 50c, 35c, the price of Rocky Mountain Tea the world over. None genuine, unless made by the Madison Medicine Co. Sold by Johnson & Hill Co. druggist.

F. W. Burt has resigned his position as assistant postmaster of Grand Rapids. He is succeeded by H. W. Lord. Mr. Burt has served as postmaster and assistant postmaster for the past twenty-six years.

About fourteen ladies from this city went out to the home of Frank Hamm in the town of Radolph last Wednesday and tendered a surprise to Mrs. Hamm. A very pleasant day spent is reported by the ladies present.

—Dr. McElwee will resume his regular visits to Grand Rapids on Saturday July 21, at the Winter House. The doctor's many patients will be glad to welcome him safely back again after his visit to Europe.

Prof. C. D. Kipp, of Elkhorn, has been engaged as principal of the Black River Fall High school for the coming year. Mr. Kipp was a former resident of this city, and is a brother for Mrs. G. W. Paulus.

—If wives have any compassion for the sorrows of cross, crabbed husbands, give them Rocky Mountain Tea. 'Twill remove any misunderstanding in the family. Johnson & Hill Co.

Lightning struck the barn of Wm. Lenz, who resides south of the city and three horses and a colt were killed. Phil Ward's house was also struck but nobody was hurt although the house was damaged somewhat.

Gus. Johnson, millwright at the Neekoosa Paper Co.'s mill arrived home the first of the week from Oshkosh, where he had been receiving treatment in a hospital for sciatic neuralgia, which affected one of his knees.

Contractor Bord on Monday finished a new barn for Patrick Rowan of the town of Sigel which is 30x72 feet. He has also received the contract to erect another new barn for John Pospiel of Arpin. This structure will be 30x60.

J. R. Chapman and Dr. A. L. Ridgeman got back from their fishing trip Tuesday evening and they speak very highly of the time they had while up there. Among the numerous other fish they caught was a muscaliongue that weighed 18 pounds.

An unusual phenomenon was observed in the south on Tuesday evening about 9:30, this being a lunar rainbow. The moon was shining brightly and the bow was quite plain, but no colors were visible. The sight lasted for about ten minutes.

J. B. Hanah, of Pittsville, was a guest of B. F. Haskins over Sunday. Mr. Hanah was a member of the 20th U. S. regulars during the Spanish-American war and took part in the battle of Santiago. He suffered the loss of one of his eyes through sickness while out with the soldiers.

"We sold many different cough remedies, but none have given better satisfaction than Chamberlain's" says Mr. Charles Holzhauser, Druggist, Newark, N. J. "It is perfectly safe and can be relied upon in all cases of coughs, colds, hoarseness. Sold by Johnson & Hill Co."

—Dr. J. J. Loope M. D. Grand Rapids, office over Wood County Drug store, telephone No. 42. Residence telephone No. 236.

—Dr. R. H. Sweetman, Grand Rapids, Wis. Office in F. L. Steib & Co.'s drug store building. Telephone No. 35 or at residence, No. 117.

—F. P. Pomeroy, M. D. Office over J. A. Cohen's store. Telephone at office, No. 216; at residence, Centralia, No. 33.

—For fine dental work go to Dr. D. A. Teller, office over Wood County National Bank, Grand Rapids. Will be out of town every Monday and Tuesday.

—Dr. A. L. Riegman, Centralia. Office over Centralia Drug Store. Telephone No. 32. Telephone at residence, No. 23.

—Dr. Chas. Pomeroy, Dentist, office over J. A. Cohen's store, Grand Rapids, Wis.

—Dr. Mrs. Madigan, daughter of Rev.

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GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

A STATEMENT BY CHINA.

GRAND RAPIDS W.S.

DRUM & SUTOR, Publishers.

MADISON WOMAN IS KILLED IN CHICAGO.

Miss Lydia Klemppel, a School Teacher, Asphyxiated May Have Been Gassed.

Chicago, Ill., July 10.—(Special) Miss Lydia Klemppel, a Chicago school teacher, who was killed in Madison, Wis., was sound dead from asphyxiation in her room this morning. There was nothing to indicate whether the death was accidental or intentional. The body will be sent to Madison.

RECOVER THE BODIES.

Remains of Mrs. James Corrigan and Daughter Found by Submarine Diver.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 10.—Submarine diver McLean today recovered the bodies of Mrs. James Corrigan and her daughter, Mrs. Riley, from the wreck of the schooner Yacht Idler. It is expected that the bodies of all the victims of Saturday's disaster will be taken from the wreck today.

Mrs. John Corrigan, the only survivor of the yacht pleasure party, says:

"Mate Samson, Baggan of the Idler was the only man on board who did anything at all to help us. He was the only man who went into the cabin at all. He did all that he could. Capt. Holmes did not go into the cabin at all. When the squall struck us and the yacht was sinking Capt. Holmes yelled something at us, but I don't remember what it was."

Capt. Holmes, when asked why he had so much to do with the squall struck, said: "No sailor would take down his canvas every time he saw a black cloud. I saw the cloud, but there was only rain in it."

It is now known that when the squall struck the Idler broadside her mizzen, foreail, forestay sail and inner jib were up.

New York, July 10.—The wedding dress of Mrs. Charles Riley, who was married with splendor in Cleveland but two years ago will be her shroud. Her husband telegraphed to New Brunswick for it and it has been forwarded by express. Mrs. Charles Riley, with her little daughter Marian Riley, was drowned Saturday afternoon in the capsizing of the yacht Idler, owned by Commodore Corrigan, in Lake Erie. Mr. Riley is superintendent of the New Brunswick Foundry company. Mrs. Corrigan was saved and all the members of the crew, but Mrs. Riley and daughter and her sister, Miss Jane Corrigan, and Miss Ethel Corrigan perished.

BOERS ARE TREKKING.

Sold to Have Evacuated All Their Positions in the Vicinity of Senekal.

Senekal, Orange River Colony, Monday, July 9.—An extended reconnaissance today resulted in the discovery that the Boers have evacuated all their positions around Senekal. Numbers of them appear to have gone towards Ficksburg and the remainder in the direction of Bethlehem. The British commanders express the opinion that the retirement of the Boers foreshadows a speedy end of the war in this section of the country.

Paris, July 10.—The Boer delegates, Messrs. Wessels, Fischer and Wolmarans, accompanied by Dr. Leyds, the diplomatic agent of the Transvaal, today paid a visit to M. Delessus, the minister of foreign affairs.

British Policy Denounced.

Cape Town, July 10.—At a meeting of Afrikaner women here yesterday, called to protest against the annexation of the republies to the British empire and the punishment of the rebels, Mrs. Olive Schreiner Cronwright denounced the British policy. She said she was ashamed of English descent, and added:

"If the republies are annexed, and if the Afrikaners are oppressed, peace is impossible. Every trench of Boer death is a grave of England's honor. Every bullet we are fired also finds a bullet in the heart of the empire."

It is reported here that President Kruger's retention of large amounts of gold at Mashadodorp has created the utmost discontent among the mercenaries, officers and men. They expected substantial rewards for championing the Boer interests, but have received nothing. It is added that visiting foreigners who have subsequently advocated intervention are believed to have received substantial sums. Proofs, it is further asserted, have been discovered in Pretoria which promise startling developments.

HOBART LEFT \$3,000,000.

Inventory of the Estate of the Late Vice-President is Filed.

Patterson, N. Y., July 10.—The inventory of the personal estate of the late Vice-President Garret A. Hobart was filed yesterday in the surrogate's office. It consists principally of stocks and bonds of various railroad and industrial corporations, and totals up \$2,628,341.65, according to the appraisal made by Robert J. Nelden and Edward A. Walton. It is estimated that Mr. Hobart's entire estate will amount to \$3,000,000. He owned considerable stock in different gold, silver and copper mines, but the value of these are marked "doubtful" in the inventory. He left \$1,000,000 to his wife and the balance to his only child, Garret A. Hobart.

DIVE IN SUBMARINE VOLCANO.

Three Sailors from British Cruiser Get Into Hot Water.

London, July 10.—A special to the Times from Sydney, N. S. W., says:

"The British cruiser Hibernia, while putting off the New Hebrides, last a torpedo, when sailing suddenly in seventeen fathoms of water. Three divers attempted to descend to recover the torpedo, but were unable to do so, as they came upon a submarine volcano in the water."

The water below the surface was boiling hot. The sailors fled from the ads and pose, and their diving glasses were injured by the heat.

SCHOOL GARDENS IN EUROPE.

In kitchen gardens the Swedes aim especially to promote agriculture, while the French seek to advance the culture of fruit, vegetables and flowers. The Swiss gardens in the country places of Switzerland are intended to give the practical training in the growth of the most useful and important plants and to promote a love for horticulture and rural embellishments. —*New York Tribune*.

NEVER PLEASED.

The weather like cold like rain.

His ways are never recognizable.

When days are mild and nights are cool He walks, "It's so unseasonable!" —Ex.

Imperial Government Discloses Liability for Boxer Outrages.

FOREIGNERS BLAMED.

Natives Resented Offensive Conduct by Foreign Troops Attack on French Settlement.

Washington, D. C., July 11.—An imperial decree dated third day of Shih moon above 290 was received by telegraph to-day by Minister Wu from the tutor of Shanghai transmitted early to-day from the treasurer of the Chin Li province who received it by special courier on June 29, from the board of war, who was in turn received from the privy council on June 28. The decree is as follows:

"The circumstances which led to the conclusion of nothing between Chinese and foreigners we not such a couple of trifling and important characters as to be fit for diplomatic representations, giving in their distance from the seat of government have had no means of communicating the true state of things, and according to your say the views of the government before the arbitrators for foreign affairs on the respective powers to which they are entitled. Now we will this opportunity to go along fully into the matter for the information of our representatives abroad.

In this first place, the Chinese and foreigners who had been in the habit of mistreating, beating and robbing in their respective villages, and at the same time robbing their dams with spirituous and strange riles. The local authorities failed to take due notice of them at the time. Accordingly, the intention spread with astonishing rapidity. Within the space of a month it seemed to make its appearance everywhere and finally even reached the capital itself. Everyone looked upon the movements as supernatural and strange, and many joined it.

Brown with Christianity.

Then there were lawless and treacherous persons who sounded the cry of "Down with Christianity." About the middle of the fifth moon these persons began to create disturbances without warning. Churches were burned and convents were looted. The whole army was in a ferment. A situation was created which compelled the foreign troops to begin their control.

At first the foreign troops requested that the Chinese should be allowed to enter the capital for the protection of the legations. The imperial government, having in view the comparative urgency of the occasion, granted the request as an extraordinary mark of courtesy beyond the requirements of international intercourse. Over 300 foreign troops were sent to Peking. This shows clearly how much care China exerted for the maintenance of their legations with other countries.

The legations at the capital never had much to do with the people. But from the time foreign troops entered the city the guards did not devote themselves exclusively to the protection of their respective legations. They sometimes fired guns on the top of the city walls and sometimes patrolled the streets everywhere. There were reports of persons being hit by stray bullets. Moreover, they strolled about the city without restraint, and even attempted to enter the Tsing-hai gate, the eastern gate of the capital, which was only forbidden. On this account both the soldiers and the people were provoked to indignation, and, voxeling their indignation with one accord, lawless persons who took advantage of the situation to do mischief became bolder than ever in burning and killing Christian converts.

The powers therupon attempted to reinforce the foreign troops in Peking, but the troops were repelled and restrained, and defeated the band of rebels who had come on the way and have not yet been able to proceed.

The insurgents of the two provinces of Chih Li and Shantung have by this time effected a complete union and could not be separated.

Ministers Requested to Retire.

The imperial government was by means of retractive to issue orders for the entire suppression of this insurrection element. But as the trouble was so near at hand there was a great fear that due protection might not be assured to the legations if the insurgents should be driven to extremities thus bringing on a national calamity. There also was fear that uprisings might occur in the provinces of Chih Li and Shantung.

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The powers therupon attempted

Captain Brabazon

BY B. M. CROKER

A Military Romance of South Africa

CHAPTER XVIII.—(Continued.)

"It's no use, Miles!" he gasped, faintly, with half-closed, glazing eyes. "I'm bound to go; but I can't bear to think of your running this risk for me, when every dogma may be full of those fellows, every bit of bush swarming with them."

"There's not a soul on the veldt but ourselves, Ted," returned the other, boldly; "don't you be uneasy about it. The ambulance ought to be here in an hour and a half, and we will have you in camp in less than no time. You must not talk like this."

"But I must—I have so little time. Say good-by to all the fellows for me, and to Farrie, my chum; he took my duty to-day. Well, I'll never pay him now."

What could Miles say? A horrible chill conviction that what Teddy said was true was creeping over him. His failing strength, struggling breath, his feeble voice, all pointed to something more mortal than a severe wound.

"Don't talk, Teddy, my dear boy," he implored; "it's the worse thing you can do."

"Let me go on," with a faint gesture; "I have so little time. I know I'm going," he gasped, "and I won't say I'm not sorry, for I am. She will never know now."

A pause of some seconds, and then he spoke again. "Give my love to Gus and Flea and Aunt Jane, yes, and—with a visible effort, "Mrs. Brabazon—why should her ill will now?" and Esme—this will be hard on her," catching his breath; "but she will marry you, Miles—I know it; tell her I said so. And you will take Kitty—poor Kitty—and be kind to her, for my sake. Kitty," raising his failing voice, "come here; put down your head, old girl, and say good-by."

Low as he spoke, her eager ears heard his well-known call, and she came at once and gently pushed her soft, brown nose into his hand.

"You will send everything I have—it's not much—to Esme, and let me be buried as I am—in my uniform. I did not wear it long."

"Oh, Teddy!" exclaimed his companion, in a broken voice, "you cannot give yourself up like this. What can I do for you? Heaven knows how gladly I would give my life for yours. How could I go home without you? What could I say to Esme? I dare not face her alone," wiping his damp forehead, chafing his hands as he spoke, and pouring the last few drops of spirits down his comrade's throat. "Keep up; the ambulance and the doctor have surely left camp by this time. We ought to have them with us in less than an hour!"

"Yes, but I won't be here—when they come—they will be too late. I'm glad you are with me, Miles—you who have been a brother to me—it's not so very hard to die, after all. Where is your hand? Let me hold it—for I'm going to set out on a long, long journey—longer than we thought when I left camp this morning—a pause, then faint pressure of the hand, and a still fainter, almost inaudible whisper, saying: "Miles, are you there? Tell Esme—it will be all right," and this was the last word.

Vainly Miles spoke, vainly he beat his ear to his cousin's lips. There was no sound now—only a vast, irresponsive silence. Thick, black darkness had suddenly set in; the night was cold, the moments leaden. Miles himself was weak from loss of blood. Vainly he clutched Teddy's hands; vainly he told himself, "He had only fainted." He strained his ears anxiously for coming hoofs and welcome voices. There was no trampling of horsemen, but his practiced sportsman's keen sense of hearing caught another less reassuring sound, the sound of many foot-steps—stealthy, bare foot-steps—stealing through the high grass close by. There were great numbers, probably a portion of the imp who had already encircled, for the stealthy march lasted for a long time. The huge boulder sheltered him effectively, and they passed in the darkness. The last tread at length died away, and that moment of throbbing suspense was timed over in safety.

When the end came Miles never knew; gradually, gradually, the hand in his hand relaxed its hold, had become first cool, then cold, then icy. He was dead. Teddy was dead. How strange, how impossible, it sounded to say, "Teddy is dead." How was this to be told to Esme? Esme, whose whole heart was given to this favorite brother! How dark and silent and bitterly cold it was!

The black sky above, the hard veldt beneath him, were whirling and reeling in one giddy circle, and he remembered no more.

Long afterward, when a strong party arrived, with lights and rugs and restoratives, and an ambulance, a party comprising one or two officers, including Captain Gee, that little gentleman, for once in his life, became livid when his quick eyes rested, as he first believed, on the two dead Brabazons, with the faithful brown charger keeping guard over them. On closer examination it was discovered that Miles was only insensible from exposure and loss of blood; but with the knitted cardigan coat, of which he had deprived himself hours previously, they covered a corpse.

Next morning, at daybreak, there was a military funeral, and Teddy was buried within a short distance of the camp. His cousin, pale as death itself, with his arm in a sling, walked alone behind the rude coffin as chief mourner, and Kitty followed her master for the last time. The coffin was covered by a Union Jack, and carried by the men of Teddy's regiment; not a few rough troopers felt a very unusual tightness in the throat when they heard the hard, yellow earth rattle on the coffin of "Gentleman Brown." The dead trooper was buried beside him. They lie on the spur of a hill, around them there stretches a wide sea of waving grass; above their heads are two rude wooden crosses. No foot is likely to come that way; no voice, no sound, disturbs their repose; only a vast plain, only an

wild silence, only two soldiers' graves. And Miles was as one who mourned for his brother; he was stunned. How painful was the gap in his life! How he missed the bright face, the cheery voice, that half a dozen times a day had been thrust into his tent; the face he had known but so recently, and yet had liked so well. How blank were rides and foraging parties now, when he was forced to say to himself, "Last time we came here it was with Teddy?"

He collected his belongings, which were few, and put them up with the aid of Teddy's soldier servant, whose voice was husky, and who many times turned away to rub the back of his horny hand across his eyes. But there was one little box that Miles investigated alone; it contained two photographs of Esme; a small, battered, brown prayer book, presented by her ten years previously, in a straggling round band; its leaves were two or three withered flowers; there was his watch, with a broken unfastening; a program of the regimental tournament at York, and last, not least, carefully folded up in silver paper and an envelope, a tiny four-button woman's glove, rather worn.

"It was not Esme's," said Miles, as he turned it carefully over, with a lover's critical discrimination. "It probably belonged to Teddy's nameless sweetheart." He did not put it up along with the other relics, for it told a tale intelligible to him alone; it was not to be thrown away, this token that Teddy had treasured; no, he himself would keep this little glove, belonging to a girl he had never seen, whose name he would never know; nor would she herself ever learn the fate of her mysterious, wayward lover. He had died, and made no sign.

Miles took part in that fifty minutes' battle, when a solid square of English kept the bold and reckless enemy at bay by a deadly wall of fire, and subsequently returned with the column to Natal.

Of course he was the owner of Kitty, having purchased her for one hundred and fifty pounds, a purchase which reduced his expenditure to a very low ebb but he was resolved to have her at any price, and a feeling that he had the best right to her restrained the lances from bidding for her; when their late brother officer's scanty possessions were sold by the committee of adjustment.

CHAPTER XIX.

To Mr. Bell was sent the telegram announcing Teddy's death, and it was with a heavy heart that he walked up to Barford that lovely June morning. He himself had been very fond of the family's scapergear, and his usually cheery, ruddy countenance was downcast and looked graver and less florid than usual. Everything around seemed out of keeping with the tidings of which he was the bearer. A bright blue sky, unclouded by even one tiny white fleecy, busy bees roaming importantly to and fro, butterflies flickering and darting across his path, the air loaded with the sweet perfume of new-mown hay, and birds singing in the bushes as if they were holding a morning concert. Mr. Bell, with eight words in his pocket, is going to turn this house of gloom and mourning. The swing door flew back with a bang, and displayed Gussie, tennis bat in hand, a grotesque scolded feet hat with embroidered sunflower on her head. "Hurry, hurry, Esme, don't be all day! Oh, Mr. Bell," as she suddenly confronted him, "this is a piece of luck! the very man to make up a set at tennis," she cried, affectionately. "Come along at once, you shall be my partner. There's going to be a tournament at the Clipperton's to-morrow, and we want to get our hands well in."

Well does Mr. Bell know that neither to-morrow, nor for many to-morrows, will there be a tennis tournament for them. His face unconsciously conveys a reflection of his thoughts, his round, merry countenance looks grave, his twinkling, frank, blue eyes dim and misty.

Annie, who had seen that there was something wrong at the very first glance, hurried to him with a white, startled face, and said, meekly:

"It's not Miles, is it?"

"No," he returned, averting his glance and shaking his head.

"Then it is Teddy," cried Esme, with blushing lips, having but that moment come upon the scene. "It is, it is. I see it in your face, Mr. Bell. He has been wounded! I'm sure he has," with sudden conviction, seizing the rector by the arm as she spoke. "Oh," in a voice of concentrated anguish, "do not be afraid to tell me the worst! I can hear it, I can, indeed. I have a right to know first," interposing herself between him and the drawing room door. "Is he badly wounded?"

"I must see Mrs. Brabazon," he returned, hushily pushing her aside with assumed brusqueness, and shaking off her detaining hand with a gesture of decision. For once he was glad and thankful to seek sanctuary with the head of the house in her own apartment, and to shut out that girl's agonized white face.

What news was he telling Mrs. Brabazon behind that fast shut door? The three hoofs had left outside stood in the hall in a torture of suspense that petrified the power of speech, but their eyes asked each other the fatal question, "Who was it?" Miles was safe, both Annie and Esme felt with a blessed thrill of relief; but Teddy, Florin?

Alas! they would know soon enough! Within half an hour not only they—the household—but Miss Jane and the entire village had heard the bad news, that neither as private nor officer would any of them again see Edward Brabazon; never again would his hearty laugh, and constant if somewhat tuneless, whistle, be heard about the Mexton lanes, never again would he pound the field with his harriers on a four-year-old colt. This time the blinds were pulled down in earnest for poor Teddy.

The early bird gets caught by the milliner.

Mrs. Brabazon wept and wailed and "cried on" to quote the servants; she wept, set up heartbreakers with portentous black borders to meet the emergency. But while this was almost unbearable from crying, Esme had never seen one tear. She refused to believe it, she went dry-eyed and stony-faced about the house, with an air of ghostly composure, very quiet, very pale, and unnaturally calm. It was useless for the others to whisper that they "wished she would cry," that she might find the blessed relief of tears, whose tears had always been so easily provoked. It was useless, she could not. "I cannot believe it," she said to her sister. "Why should he be taken among hundreds? Even if he were, I don't think I would mind it; my heart seems like a stone. I seem to have no feeling about anything now."

Gussie was very sorry for Teddy in her own way, indeed, quite as sorry as she could be for anyone. She had meant to have been so kind to him when he came home, have him stay in her smart London house, and visions of her handsome little brother adoring her little receptions had floated more than once through her brain; but now there was an end to all this, and really she was very, very sorry. How abominably trying mourning was to her, she told herself frankly.

Flo, too, was quite demonstrative; in order to conceal a suit of black, "for the brother," he told his tailor. He put the following notice in the paper: "Killed, near the Umboloti river, South Africa, Edward Brabazon, Lieutenant, Prince's Lanciers, aged twenty-four, deeply regretted," and he talked a good deal to the fellows in the club about "My poor brother," till anyone would have imagined that they had been the most devoted of relatives; in fact, a modern Castor and Pollux.

One morning, about three weeks after the arrival of the telegram, Mrs. Brabazon, in distributing the contents of the boot bag, drew out an envelope covered with foreign stamps, a travel-stained envelope, and handed it to Esme hesitatingly. Those who were present will never forget her half-sobbing, breathless cry of boundless relief, of too painful happiness as she snatched it, exclaiming:

"A letter from Teddy! Yes," she gasped, "in his own handwriting! Oh, Gussie!" and Miles was as one who mourned for his brother; he was stunned. How painful was the gap in his life! How he missed the bright face, the cheery voice, that half a dozen times a day had been thrust into his tent; the face he had known but so recently, and yet had liked so well. How blank were rides and foraging parties now, when he was forced to say to himself, "Last time we came here it was with Teddy?"

He collected his belongings, which were few, and put them up with the aid of

Teddy's soldier servant, whose voice was husky, and who many times turned away to rub the back of his horny hand across his eyes. But there was one little box that Miles investigated alone; it contained two photographs of Esme; a small, battered, brown prayer book, presented by her ten years previously, in a straggling round band; its leaves were two or three withered flowers; there was his watch, with a broken unfastening; a program of the regimental tournament at York, and last, not least, carefully folded up in silver paper and an envelope, a tiny four-button woman's glove, rather worn.

"It was not Esme's," said Miles, as he turned it carefully over, with a lover's critical discrimination. "It probably belonged to Teddy's nameless sweetheart."

He did not put it up along with the other relics, for it told a tale intelligible to him alone; it was not to be thrown away, this token that Teddy had treasured; no, he himself would keep this little glove, belonging to a girl he had never seen, whose name he would never know; nor would she herself ever learn the fate of her mysterious, wayward lover. He had died, and made no sign.

A dwellinghouse was also struck and the family had a narrow escape. The furniture was demolished and a bed in which members of the family were sleeping was broken to pieces. No one was injured.

Jameville, Wis., July 10, [Special.]

A severe storm, accompanied by sharp

flashes of lightning, struck the city this morning about 6:30 o'clock.

No damage is reported to have been

done by the sharp wind which preceded the storm. The lightning, which was very sharp at times, did considerable damage. The home of Albert Schmid, a courtier, was struck, its dome and damaging its roof to the extent of \$500. This is the third time the courthouse has been struck, each time in the same place.

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the family had a narrow escape. The

furniture was demolished and a bed in

which members of the family were sleep-

ing was broken to pieces. No one was

injured.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., July 10, [Special.]

A severe electrical storm visited this section this morning, doing consider-

able damage. Lightning struck the

courthouse, toppling its dome and

damaging its roof to the extent of \$500.

This is the third time the courthouse

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NEKOOSA.

The Schaffner, wife has acted as a nurse at the C. M. & St. P. R. N. for the past two years. Last year she married, Grand Rapids, married Mr. Price. They were recent that we see Mr. and Mrs. Schaffner leave and wonder they may find Grand Rapids a pleasant place to live. Mr. Schaffner was succeeded by Mr. Hensher, who ever was succeeded by Mr. Hensher.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Weir arrived from Hamilton, Ohio, on Thursday of last week and are boarding at the Herrick House. Mr. Weir took his departure a week before, ostensibly to visit his mother, consequently his return with his bride was a surprise to his friends.

A party of young people down from Grand Rapids last Saturday afternoon returning home afterward. Among the party were Edith Nash, Nannie Johnson, and Vida Garrison, Reb. Morse, Chas. Pampanville and Lawrence Nash.

Ray Early returned last Saturday from Kaukauna where he had been visiting his grandparents for a couple of weeks. He was accompanied home by his aunt, Miss Grignon.

Mr. Westfeldt, of Bruges, New Hampshire, arrived in the village last week and has been duly installed as superintendent of the sulphite mill.

Mrs. J. E. Thomas and Katherine Treat returned from Grand Rapids on Thursday after a week's visit among friends there.

A. N. Marvin has purchased the residence of Lee Schaffner and will move his family in before long.

Miss Rena Houston, of your city has been the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Wm. Hooper during the past week.

Dr. Donald Waters returned Wednesday from Keenan where he has been for the past few days.

Mrs. Reed, Mrs. Early and Miss Grignon were Grand Rapids guests on Thursday last.

Mrs. G. C. Hyde is visiting in Chicago and other Illinois points.

VESPER.

Geo. F. West and Frank J. McConnell, of Darlington and Willis Hunt and G. W. Stevens, of Lamont, Wis., were looking up good investments around here Tuesday and Wednesday, they went to Marshfield, after spending a day there they will go up into Taylor county. If they found nothing that suited them better they expect to return to Vesper the latter part of the week. They were well pleased with the country but thought that values were a little too high.

The ladies of the Congregational church netted \$5 from their efforts on the Fourth. The proceeds will be used to buy an ice cream freezer. Then every two weeks during the hot season ice cream will be served in the hall to all who care for that delicious dish. The dates will be announced in next week's paper. The proceeds will be used to liquidate the indebtedness now standing against the society amounting to \$25.00.

Here is an indication of the prosperity of Vesper. Mike Cahill is building a new house, John Rolsma, Garrett Louman and John Mollet are building additions to their houses, Chas. Tompshede is painting his house and the painter is also engaged to paint the school house. Martin Hookstra, Aaron Hookstra and Fred Graham are building barns.

Mike Calvan, of Menasha, Wis., is here's agent of the Chicago Portrait Co. He reports an excellent business in Sigel township during the past week. He is an old schoolmate of Eugene Smith who taught the Hanson school the past year.

F. W. Merrill and Eugene Smith are attending the teachers' institute at Marshfield this week. Mr. Merrill rode up on his wheel. He had been told that it was 16 miles to Marshfield but he says that it is every inch of 23 miles.

Miss Mabel Murgatroyd is expected home the latter part of this week. She has been at Gray's Lake, Ill., studying music the past year.

MARSHFIELD ITEMS.

There are prospects that there will be another match between Beeli and Adamson. Adamson has put up a forfeit and wants to wrestle for \$250 a side, strangle hold barred. They have met twice before and each won one match. In the first match the strangle hold was barred and Adamson won, but in the second all holds were open and Beeli won. Both men are good wrestlers and they are quite evenly matched.

Now that the plans have been accepted and everything arranged for the building of the new city hall the question has been raised as to whether it is lawful to bond the city without taking a vote on the question. The city attorney thinks the matter will have to be left to the people while the council thought it was a matter that they had the authority to handle.

A good roads meeting was held in this city on Monday evening. John F. Cole, P. N. Christensen and John Judd were appointed a committee to prepare a set of resolutions in which the county board will be asked to appropriate \$4,000 to be used in the purchase of road machinery for the purpose of improving the roads.

Henry Hanger, the twelve-year-old boy who was arrested for putting a tie on the track, had his hearing on Monday and was bound over to the circuit court. He confessed to having done the deed but claimed he did not expect it would cause any damage.

Charles Schaeffer, formerly editor of the "Vesper" newspaper. He became known as a local wag in his home town, and it was from this that the trouble started. He leaves a wife and several children.

White Man Turned Yellow.

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Higerty, of Lexington, Ky., when they saw him walking along Main street. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His family said, "Yellow Jaundice." He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit.

The Finance Committee was granted further time to report on the ammunition of the Central Hardware Co. in regard to selling the city their bayonets.

The street committee made the following report on the petition asking the laying of a sewer from Dr. Zimmerman's corner north along French street.

CRAVEN.

This morning at 7 o'clock Dr. Higley, a physician at the hospital, was called to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Higerty, situated on the 28th of September the Cranberry River was destroyed. Perhaps the greatest loss was the Argus which then the Wm. H. Higley and Gray communists with the John H. Higley & Lester publishing between the two named publications, was very great. At K. H. Higley's the garden, as well as the cranberry berries, was badly damaged. The family, sixth son, the Whittlesey marsh are apparently uninjured, their sections and the native marsh did not escape so well. The loss of the Reindeer is perhaps 4 per cent. and some bright new signs on the Pitch and Foley plantings. Twice since the severe frost the mercury has fallen almost to the freezing point but one saying grave came in, the very heavy dew, fell early in the evening.

Wm. Pepe, of Plainfield, was a business cutter at the home of Ralph Smith Thursday, and a guest over night at the Whittlesey home. Chas. Whittlesey also spent Thursday night under the paternal roof. We extend heartfelt sympathy to Mrs. Emma Brundage for the great loss she sustains and deplore the early demise of her husband, Edward E. Brundage.

W. H. Fitch took the five o'clock train for Grand Rapids Wednesday and went to Valley Junction on the late train.

Mrs. Colvin and family, of Wausau, arrived Wednesday noon and will spend some time at their marsh home. Thomas McElvane, who left for Rochester, Minn., early in the month returned Thursday evening.

Mrs. W. H. Fitch and sister Miss Caroline Fitch were shopping in the city Wednesday.

Mr. George Scott visited in Grand Rapids from Saturday till Monday.

Timothy Foley transacted business at Port Edwards, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Gaynor were city visitors Friday.

GENERAL COUNTY.

The boilers in Joseph Applebaker's sawmill, located in the western part of the city of Pittsville, exploded last Tuesday evening at a few minutes to five o'clock. The report was heard two miles away and quickly drew a large crowd. The boiler had not been working all the afternoon and at about 4:58 John Troppe, the engineer closed the mill down to ascertain the cause. Upon examining the indicator and stop cocks he noticed the water was acting queerly in the gauge and called to the men to get out of the way. Almost at the same instant the explosion occurred, filling the air with dust and debris. Applebaker, who was standing a few rods from the mill, was struck in the back by one of the fire grates, breaking four ribs and a hip. Frank Murphy, the sawyer was struck in the face, sustaining a bad cut. John Troppe, the engineer, who was standing within six feet of the boiler escaped without a scratch. The boiler and engine were blown a distance of nearly 125 feet. The mill was a small concern, having been built to do custom work and employed only six or seven men. The cause of the explosion is unknown, but it is attributed to a weak place in the boiler.

Moved and carried that the city engineer, street commissioner, and Mr. Vaughan mark the water lot the city bought of Mrs. S. E. Vaughan by stone monuments.

Moved and carried that deed to the city of Grand Rapids obtained from the John Edwards estate be recorded and that Centralia order drawn before consolidation for same be delivered.

The committee to draw up an ordinance providing for the cleaning up and dumping of garbage were granted another month to report.

Under suspension of the rules the following bills were allowed:

Northwestern Standard Works, dog checks \$ 1.00
Twin City Electric June Heat 205.00
E. J. Philpot, taking levels, etc. 120.00
Taylor & Scott Insurance Co., lower house 50.00
Raizal Mfg. Co., stationery 1.00
W. H. Chapman, hauling engine Carting fire 2.00
The Gould Company, pipe fitter 7.50
F. Philpot, tapping hydrants, etc. 15.00
F. Philpot, inspecting waterworks 2.75
A. F. Fontaine, printing proceedings 21.25
W. Gardner, city time meeting hydrants 23.25
W. Gardner, time for city laborers on sewers and streets 1.00

The waterworks engineer made following report for month of June:

Wood consumed, 814 cu. ft. at \$2.00 \$162.80
Valve oil, 20 gal. at 5 cents 1.00
Ethereal oil, 5 gal. at 5 cents 1.00
Kerosene, 6 gal. at 12 cents 1.00
Waste 1.00
Sulphur 1.00
Water pumped during month, 3,345,824 gallons.

Above report was received and ordered filed.

The treasurer's report for June was presented as follows:

June 2, To Bal. on hand \$89.51
July 2, To Salmon Biscuits 300.00
To druggist permits 50.00
To water rentals 125.00
By orders paid during month 250.00
By balance on hand 1,011.12

Above report was received and ordered filed.

There being no further business upon motion council adjourned.

DR. H. MCELWEE.

It is a pleasure to introduce to you the Dr. H. McElwee, who has been in practice at this office for the past two years. He has given us great satisfaction. He is a man of great personal character and is a good physician.

He has a good reputation for his skill and knowledge.

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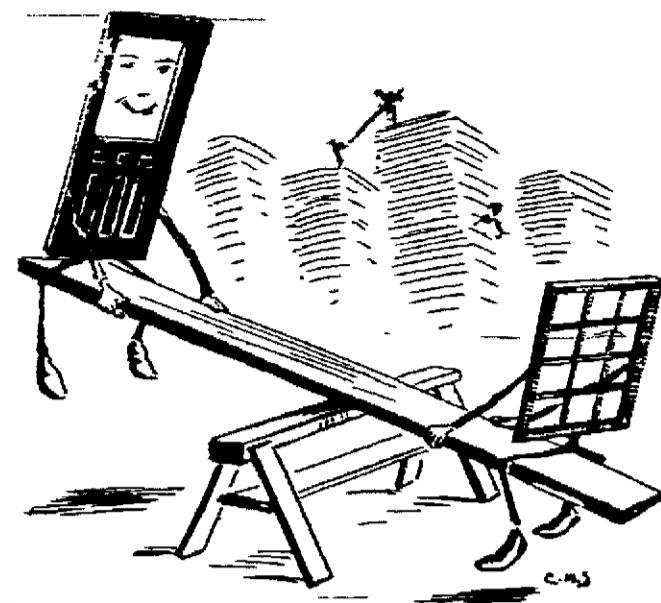
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GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Saturday, July 14, 1900.

VOL. XXVIII, NO. 10.



Teeter-Tauter!

Do you remember when you used to do it?
SASH and DOORS are having a picnic.

Just at present Sash are down and we can make
you a low figure on them. Do not pass us by.

Centralia Lumber Company.

East Grand Rapids. West Grand Rapids. Nekoosa.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

When you take an outing we can furnish you with the
good things for lunch. Just you try our

**Ham Loaf, Veal Loaf,
Chicken Loaf, Roast Chicken
and Turkey, Potted Chicken,
Tongue and Ham, Wiener Wurst,
Imported Sardines, Pickles,
Pork and Beans, Celery Mustard,
Fancy Bottled Olives, Salads, etc.**

No trouble to show goods.....

**SPAFFORD, GOLE & LIPKE,
GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.**

HARDWARE.

We handle everything in the line of hardware, both heavy
and shelf, and the lines we handle are
always of the best.

Farm Machinery.

....In this line we have.....

**Buggies, Wagons,
Cultivators, Plows,
Seeders, Planters**

and all kinds of repairs, etc., needed by the farmer.

Building Material.

Our stock is complete. Lime, Brick and Cement, Plastering Hair, Windows, Doors, Paint, Oil, Brushes, Locks, Hinges, and Building Material.

Centralia Hdw. Co.,

West Side.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

READY FOR EDITORS.

EVERYTHING NOW IN READINESS FOR THEIR RECEPTION.

They will be Received and Treated in a Manner that will make them Remember
Grand Rapids with Pleasure. The Entire Day to be Occupied
with Some Sort of Amusement.

Bring on your editors! We are prepared for the worst. We can take care of the whole lot and do it right. There's grub enough for the hungriest lot of pencil pushers that ever came down the pike, and there will be entertainment for them also. They won't have to put in all their time looking at the tall buildings or standing on the bridge watching the river run by. Those who are hungry may eat. Those who are thirsty may drink, while the seeker after information will find at his elbow a walking encyclopedia of facts and statistics so that, upon the touching of a button, he will fill him so full of information that it will make his head whirl. Besides the mere sight seeing there have been arranged other things that may be of interest to different parties.

In the afternoon there will be a ball game at the fair grounds between Mauston and Grand Rapids, and the boys promise to put up a good game for the entertainment of all who may care to meander up that way. The numerous factories and industries about the city will be shown during the afternoon to those who care for this sort of thing. It is the intention to give those a boat ride after supper who have any desire in this line, which will be followed by a dance later. The following outline will give a good idea of the day's program and how and when the different events will be managed.

Wisconsin State Press Association.

Reception Committee.

Mayor B. R. Goggins, T. E. Nast, H. Wipperman, Geo. M. Hill,
A. L. Fontaine, Mrs. J. D. Witter, Mrs. N. Johnson,
Mrs. W. H. Carey, Miss Helen Kromer, Mrs. W. T. Jones, Mrs. Geo. M. Hill.

Entertainment Committee.

A. L. Fontaine, W. A. Drumb, N. Johnson, N. Reiland,
L. M. Nash, J. A. Gaynor, W. H. Carey,
D. D. Conway, Dr. D. A. Teifer, Dr. O. T. Hougen, C. F. Kellogg,
D. B. Philleo, F. J. Cameron, Phil Ward,
Dr. F. Pomaivalle.

Marshal—Geo. B. McMillan.

Press Dinner:

Ladies of the First Congregational church.

Ladies of the First M. E. church.

Program.

8:30 a. m. Reception Committee drive to Nekoosa.

11:00 a. m. Press Train arrives at Nekoosa. Reception of members. Inspection of Nekoosa Paper Co. plant

12:00 m. River drive forms with as many visitors as possible to accommodate and drives to Grand Rapids.

12:30 p. m. Press train arrives at Grand Rapids.

If members of the press will have their baggage ready on leaving train we will give check for it and take it all to the cloak room of the Grand Opera House, where a responsible person will be in charge, and they can have access to it all day.

Procession of teams will form and drive to East Side. Reception room for ladies. Second floor Muir building.

Reception room for gentlemen. K. P. Lodge rooms.

Dinner for train arrivals will be mostly taken care of at Masonic hall served by ladies of Methodist society.

Dinner for driving party served at Muir building by ladies of the Congregational society.

Assignment for entertainment of the members to different homes and hotels will be made at dinner.

Sight Seeing.

Dr. A. B. Crawford in charge, assisted by members of Entertainment committee.

Inspection of Manufactories.

Co-operative Electric Light plant.

Hub and Spoke factory.

Grand Rapids Lumber Co. saw mill.

Oberbeck Bros. furniture factory.

Drive up river to "Bison Mill" for those who did not have the river drive from Nekoosa.

3:30 p. m. Ball game at Fair Grounds.

After ball game there will be athletic sports including:

Broad Jump,

High Jump,

120-yard Hurdle Race,

100-yard Dash,

Hammer Throw.

Discus Throw and Putting the Shot.

Boat Club members will entertain about fifteen "stags" for all night fishing and some "bait" at the Club House for the evening.

5:00 p. m. All meet at Grand opera house, get acquainted and meet your hosts.

Boating. Music by Mandolin Club.

8:00 p. m. Formal reception and dance at Grand opera house.

Emboss to visitors in electric lights.

Admission to dance, \$1.00 per couple. Spectators, 25 cents.

Members of the Press "everything free."

7:00 a. m. Breakfast to visitors.

8:00 a. m. Departure of train.

"God Be With You." "Come Again."

Illegal Fishing.

It is reported by some of the local fishermen that there are parties both up and down the river who make a practice of catching fish with nets. In fact they go so far as to name one party in the neighborhood of Nekoosa who recently caught 175 pounds of fish with the aid of a net. We do not know whether these reports are true, but if they are there is no reason why the guilty parties should not be dealt with according to the law in such matters.

After the effort that has been made by the local sportsmen to protect the game fish and help them to multiply by stocking rivers and streams in this locality it is a contemptible piece of business to indulge in this kind of slaughter. Besides this it is breaking the law and is just as much of a misdemeanor as breaking into a man's house and stealing his property. Our game warden should look after these matters. If he is located or so situated so that he cannot attend to the matter it would be a good idea for him to appoint some one to represent him and supply him with information that would lead to the conviction of the guilty parties.

—A. B. Crawford, Dentist. Office in Reiland building, Grand Rapids. High grade service at reasonable fees.

New Planing Mill.

The planing mill of the Grand Rapids Lumber company is rapidly nearing completion and inside of another week will be ready for operation. The main building of the mill is 45x70 feet and the boiler house 2x32. The engine, which is being placed in position, is of 100 horse power. The mill will be able to turn out about eight or ten cars of lumber when in working order and will give employment to quite a number of men. All of the appliances and machines put in will be of the best and they will be able to handle anything usually turned out by an institution of this kind. The work was delayed somewhat during the past week owing to the inability to secure masons enough to handle the work expeditiously. The cost of the structure and fittings will be \$10,000.

Gone to Chicago.

Lawrence Nash departed last Sunday evening for Chicago where he has entered the offices of the General Paper Company. Lawrence is a son of the Hon. L. M. Nash, of this city, and is one of Grand Rapids most promising young men, and that he will give satisfaction in his new position there is no doubt. The well wishes of the Tribune and of his many warm friends in this city go with him.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Library Commissioners hold Annual Meeting Wednesday Night.

The regular annual meeting of the library commissioners was called on Tuesday evening and adjourned for one day. On Wednesday evening there were present J. D. Witter, Frank Garrison, L. M. Nash, Geo. X. Hill, E. P. Arpin, J. A. Gaynor, W. H. Reeves, F. J. Wood and S. A. Spafford. The former officers were re-elected as follows: President, F. J. Wood; vice-president, J. A. Gaynor; treasurer, J. D. Witter; secretary, W. H. Reeves; librarian, Mrs. W. B. Raymond. The annual report of the library shows the institution to be in almost flourishing condition.

A committee was appointed consisting of E. P. Arpin, J. A. Gaynor and L. M. Nash whose duty it will be to look after the museum feature of the library, which is a thing just added and which will in time no doubt be one of the most interesting rooms of the library building. It is proposed to collect historical matter, relics and specimens that may be of interest to the general public and after being properly classified will be placed in cases in the council room. Take your relatives to the committee and help to make this an interesting feature.

A Large Funeral.

The funeral of the late E. B. Brundage on Sunday was one of the largest ever seen in this city and the floral offerings were very beautiful. Eighty-five carriages followed the deceased to his last resting place, besides which the Masonic and K. P. lodges marched to the cemetery, and all these were evidences of the high esteem felt for the departed one. Among the visiting masons who attended the services from abroad were Harry S. Fox, F. E. Halliday, George Wilton and C. S. Torry of Plover, E. A. Upham and John Anderson of Marshfield, C. E. Lester of Creamer, A. E. Gurdy, A. E. Lapham, Wm. Hooper and A. U. Marvin of Nekoosa, D. L. Morris of Chicago. Editor C. M. Hutchinson of Necedah, Harry Burt of Rhinelander.

Officers Installed.

District Deputy Grand Master D. B. Smith, of Marshfield was in the city Tuesday and Wednesday. On Tuesday evening he installed the following officers in the local Odd Fellows Lodge: R. A. Dunaven, N. G. P. L. Ulvick V. G., Henry Rabbin R. Sec., A. W. Davis F. Sec., H. H. Voss Tres. After the installation the ladies of the Rebecca degree served ice cream and cake and a social time was indulged in by the members.

Mr. Smith went from here to Pittsville where he will install the officers of the Lodge tonight and on Tuesday night he will perform the same duty at Marshfield.

Family Reunion.

Messrs. and Mesdames Paul Mosher, James Bronson, of West Grand Rapids, Fred Mosher, Andrew Mosher, of Harshaw, Wis., and the Misses Jessie and Mattie Bronson and Master Geo. Bronson spent last week at Leota where a family reunion was held at the old Mosher homestead. There were three generations of this family present making in all forty-three but others of the family were unable to be there. Had the whole family been present there would have been sixty-four members.

Entertained at Cinch.

Miss Effie Goggins entertained a number of young people "at cinch" at the home of Dr. and Mrs. F. Pomaivalle last Tuesday evening. The party was given in honor of her guest Miss Olive Proell and those present were the Misses Effie Goggins, Mabel MacCauley, Ethel Kelly, Katie McCarthy, Nellie Ward, Eva Jones, Olive Proell, and Messrs. Edward Whitney, Chas. Pomaivalle, W. L. Fayant, F. L. Steib, Len Smith, Theo. Brazeau, Otto Roenius and John Belanger.

Married.

John A. Margeson and Miss Edna Marie Smith were married in this city on Wednesday at the home of Walter J. Smith, Rev. F. A. Nimitz performing the ceremony. The young couple made a trip to Wausau, returning here Friday. The bride is a sister to Walter Smith our well known tinsmith and the groom is well known in the city. They will make their home here. The Tribune extends congratulations.

Directors Re-elected.

At the meeting of the Jackson Milling company on Tuesday the former board of directors was re-elected. They are J. D. Witter, G. W. Paulus, Frank Garrison, Isaac Witter, and Mrs. G. W. Paulus. J. D. Witter was again elected president and G. W. Paulus secretary and treasurer.

Want to Locate Here.

One of the Green Brothers, of Stevens Point, was in the city Thursday with a view to locating here. The firm owns large sail stables and a dry goods store at the Point.

Died.

The many friends in this city of Miss Myrtle Timian, will be sorry to learn of her death which occurred at her home in Amherst, Friday morning of consumption. The remains will be brought to this city next Monday for burial.

Red Shoes and Slippers

for the Little Ones in great variety.

PHOTOGRAPHS

Of all styles and sizes. The latest in Cabinets and Mannequins. All sizes in Oval.

SEE MY PRICES

On large pictures. I can make you photos up to 20x24 in size finished in Platino. These are the nicest large photos made. Prices the Lowest.

O. KAURIN, WEST SIDE.

Wood Co. National Bank, GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

Capital \$50,000.

Surplus \$8,500.

F. GARRISON, President.

L. M. ALEXANDER, Vice Pres.

F. J. WOOD, Cashier

COMMENCED BUSINESS

NOVEMBER 1, 1881.

DIRECTORS:

F. GARRISON, *
L. M. ALEXANDER
THOS. E. NASH
E. BOENIGUS
F. J. WOOD

All business connected with banking is earnestly solicited, and we promise prompt and careful attention to every detail. Interest paid on time deposits.

The Influence of a Home Is Very Powerful.



The furnishings needn't be expensive, but they should be artistic, pretty and cheerful. Art and beauty in the home should be the character of the boys and girls—awaken and educate the finer senses. They're not slow to bring their friends to a pretty home, and if home is unattractive, they spend very little time there. Our furniture is as artistic as any—more durable than most—lower priced than any hereabouts.

J. W. NATWICK,

BRYAN NOMINATED AGAIN.

Democratic National Convention
Chooses Old Leader.

FREE SILVER PLATFORM

The Usual Flood of Oratory and Bursts
of Enthusiasm—Text of
the Platform.

Convention Hall, Kansas City, Mo., July 5.—Convention hall was again besieged today by eager and excited thousands. Long before the time set for opening the second day's proceedings of the convention all of the streets approaching the building were solidly massed with humanity moving toward the many entrances. Expectancy was at a high pitch and it was universally felt that the day had in store the great events of the convention. By 10 o'clock, thirty minutes before the time set for the opening of the convention, nearly every seat in the galleries was occupied.

Richardson Swings His Gavel.

At 11 o'clock the slender figure of Chairman Richardson boomed up above the platform assembly. He swung the gavel lustily and above the din faintly could be heard his call for order. Slowly quiet was brought out of the confusion, and the chairman presented Rev. John J. Gleman for the opening.



WILLIAM J. BRYAN.
(Democratic Nominee for President.)

invocation, the entire audience, delegates and spectators, standing reverently with bowed heads, while the words of the prayer echoed through the building.

Mr. Richardson now announced that the platform committee was not ready to report and, pending word from them, he invited to the platform ex-Gov. Hogg of Texas to address the convention.

At the termination of Gov. Hogg's address, Chairman Richardson stepped forward to say a few words to Sergeant-At-Arms Martin, and the crowd took advantage of the opportunity to start the cry of "Hill." It came from all quarters of the galleries, but practically little of it from the delegates. Mingle as they might, the two were missed. Chairman Richardson wielded his gavel vigorously and when order was restored in some degree announced: "Gentlemen, I have the honor to introduce to you Hon. A. M. Dockery, Missouri's favorite son."

Mr. Dockery was warmly received and his prompt attack upon the conduct of the Republican administration for its management of the Philippine question was greeted with the usual demonstrations of applause.

Mayor Rose Speaks.

At the conclusion of the speech of Mr. Dockery, Mayor D. S. Rose of Milwaukee was called to the platform to address the convention. He made a fine impression instantly. Attired in a black sack suit and standing easily and speaking fluently, he soon stirred the audience. His voice was clear and ringing and penetrated to the uttermost parts of the hall.

"Hill, Hill" came the cry again as Mr. Rose concluded, but the New Yorker was not present and the bands broke out with the "Star Spangled Banner." The patriotic strains had no sooner subsided than another Hill wave passed over the assemblage.

Gov. Beckman of Kentucky was given an enthusiastic reception as he came in, a large number of delegates crowding around to shake him by the hand.

Again the band came to the rescue and the hurrahs for Hill went away to "Dixie." At every pause, however, the Hill shouters chanted for their hero.

When quiet was partially secured, chairman recognized Mr. Williams, who admitted a resolution reciting: "That a committee of nine delegates be appointed to the chair for the purpose of conferring with the Silver Republicans and the Populist parties now gathered in Kansas City."

Shouts of "No, No" followed the reading, but the resolution was put to a vote and amid much confusion on the floor was decided adopted.

Congressman James Williams of Illinois was then introduced by Chairman Richardson. He opened his remarks by an appeal to all Democrats to stand together on the platform, which he declared, would be broad enough to hold them all. He spoke briefly and was frequently applauded.

W.H. War with Trusts.

Private monopolies are indefensible and intolerable. They destroy competition, control the price of all material and of the finished article, they robbing both producer and consumer. They are the result of labor and arbitrarily fix the terms and conditions thereof and deprive individual energy and small capital of their opportunity for betterment.

They are the most efficient means devised for quelling the fruits of industry to the benefit of the few at the expense of the many, and unless their insatiable greed is checked all wealth will be aggregated in a few hands and the Republic destroyed. The distortion of state and national platforms is conclusive proof of the truth of the charge that trusts are the legitimate product of Republican policies, that they are fostered by Republicanism, and that they are protected by the Republican administration. In return for campaign subscriptions and political support.

We pledge the Democratic party to an equalizing war on the nation, state, and city against private monopoly in every form. Existing laws against trusts must be enforced and more stringent ones must be enacted providing for publicity as to the affairs of corporations engaged in interstate commerce, and requiring corporations to show before the business concerns of the state of their origin that they have not water in their stock, that they have not attempted, or are attempting, to monopolize any branch of business or the production of any article of consumption.

The whole constitutional power of Congress over interstate commerce, the mails and all modes of interstate communication shall be exercised by the enactment of comprehensive laws upon the subject of trusts. Tariff laws should be amended by the adoption of the platform followed

at the second session, together with the tumultuous welcome of Webster Davis into the Democratic party and the triumphant nomination of Mr. Bryan, with the states and territories up and yelling for him.

The nomination came as the culmination of a frenzied demonstration in honor of the party-leader, lasting twenty-seven minutes and giving utterance to 24 thousand exclamations of the vast multitude. It followed also a fierce struggle throughout the last thirty-six hours concerning the platform declaration on silver and on the relative position which the silver question is to maintain to the other great issues of the day.

The following platform was adopted:

We, the representatives of the Democratic party of the United States assembled in convention, do reaffirm our faith in that immortal proclamation of the inalienable rights of man, and our allegiance to the constitution framed in that spirit of freedom by the fathers of the Republic. We hold by the United States Supreme court, that the Declaration of Independence is the spirit of our government of which the constitution is the form and letter. We declare that governments inspired by the right to govern derive their just powers from the consent of the governed; that any government not based upon the consent of the governed is a tyranny; and that to impose upon the people a government of their own is the supreme method of imperialism for those of a republic. We hold that the constitution follows the flag and denounces the doctrine that an executive of Congress deriving their existence and their powers from the constitution can declare that it is being violated by any violation of it. We assert that a nation can long endure half republic and half empire, and we warn the American people that imperialism abroad will lead quickly to despotism at home. Be it resolved that the fundamental principles of the Porto Rico law enacted by a Republican Congress against the protest and opposition of the Democratic minority is a bold and open violation of the nation's organic law and a flagrant breach of the principles of justice and of good government which the people of Porto Rico, a government without their consent and taxation without representation. It dishonors the American people by repudiating a solemn pledge made by their behalf by the commanding general of our army, and they who voted to it came to a peaceful and unresisted negotiation of their land. It doomed to poverty and distress a people whose helplessness appeals with peculiar force to our justice and magnanimity. In this the first act of its policy of imperialism, the Republican party seeks to commit the imbecilities of colonial policy, inconsistent with republican institutions and condemned by the Supreme court in numerous decisions.

Philippine Policy is Condemned.

We condemn and denounce the Philippine policy of the present administration. It has involved the republic in an unnecessary war, sacrificed the lives of many of our soldiers, and placed the United States, previously known as a champion of freedom, out the world as the champion of freedom, in the false and un-American position of crushing with military force the efforts of our former allies to achieve liberty and self-government.

The Filipinos cannot be citizens without endangering our civilization; they cannot be subjects without imperiling our form of government, and as we are not willing to imperil our civilization or to convert the Filipinos into subjects, we propose to give to the Filipinos first a stable form of government; second, independence, and third, protection from outside interference. This has been given for nearly a century to the peoples of Central and South America.

The greedy commercialism which dictated the Philippine policy of the Republican administration attempts to justify it with the idea that it will pay, but even this sorry and disreputable plan fails in the test of facts.

The year of "criminal aggression" against the Filipinos, entitling an annual expense of many millions, has already cost more than any possible profit that could accrue from the entire Philippine Islands to us.

Furthermore, when trade is extended at the expense of liberty the price is always too high. We are not opposed to territorial expansion when it is taken in desirable territories which can be erected into states in the Union and whose people are willing and fit to become American citizens. We favor trade expansion by every peaceful and legitimate means. But we are unalterably opposed to the seizing or purchasing of distant islands to be governed outside the constitution and whose people can never become citizens.

We are in favor of extending the republic's influence among the nations, but that that influence should be extended by the sword and not by fire through the example of a high and honorable example. The importance of other questions now pending before the American people is in no wise diminished and the Democratic party takes no back step from its position, but stands by the burning issue of imperialism, crowning out of the Spain war involves the very existence of the republic and the destruction of our free institutions. We regard it as the paramount issue of the campaign.

Monroe Doctrine is Upheld.

The declaration in the Republican platform adopted at the Philadelphia convention, held in 1856, that the Republic "is emphatically adverse to the further extension of the Monroe doctrine," is entirely insincere and deceptive. This contention is contradicted by the avowed policy of that party in opposition to the spirit of the Monroe doctrine to acquire and hold sovereignty over large areas of territory and large numbers of people in the Eastern Hemisphere.

We insist on the strict maintenance of the Monroe doctrine in all its integrity, both in the spirit as well as in the letter. We especially condemn the ill-conceived Republican alliance with England, which must mean discrimination against other friendly nations, and which has already stilled the voice of the entire world.

We approve this wholesome doctrine and earnestly protest against the republican departure which has involved us in so-called "splendid isolation" of ourselves from Europe and the intricate and land-grabbing of Alaska and the Northwest.

We oppose militarism. In peace, we prefer abroad and international cooperation at home. It means the strong arm which has ever been fatal to free institutions. It is the mildest of all citizens here fled from Ireland. It means a large standing army, an unnecessary burden of taxation and a constant sacrifice to their liberties. A small standing army and a well-disciplined state force are far better suited in time of peace.

This requires his services as a part of a military service and conscription. When the nation is in danger the volunteer soldier is his country's best defender. The national guard of the United States should be maintained in the patriotic hearts of a few people.

Upholds Boer Side of War.

Believing in the principles of self-government and rejecting as did our forefathers, the spirit of monarchy, we view with indignation the purpose of England to subjugate with force the South African republics. Speaking as we do, for the entire American nation, except its republicans, and for all free men everywhere, we extend our sympathy to the heroic burghers of that gallant little republic to maintain their liberty and independence.

We denounce the lavish appropriations of recent republican congresses, which have kept taxes high and which threaten the perpetuation of the oppressive war levies.

We condemn the conduct of a republic to be squandered in such baseless waste upon the taxpayers as the shipping subsidy bill, which under the false pretense of propelling American shipbuilding, would put several millions into the pockets of foreign contributors to the Republican campaign fund.

We favor the reduction and speedy repeal of the war taxes and a return to the time-honored democratic policy of strict economy governmental expenditures.

Appeals to Faint People.

Believing that our most cherished institutions are in great peril, that very existence of our constitutional republic is at stake, and that the decision now to be rendered will determine whether or not our children are to enjoy the blessings and privileges of free government which have made the United States great, prosperous and honored, we earnestly ask for the foregoing declaration of principles the hearty support of the liberty-loving American people, regardless of previous party affiliations.

Stevenson Nominated.

Convention Hall, Kansas City, Mo., July 6.—The convention spent the entire day in listening to speeches placing in nomination candidates for the vice-presidency. The feature of the day was the speech of the reelection of former Senator Hill to accept the place. This he did in a speech from the platform. He was clear in the choice of the resolution and it was with difficulty that he headed off a stampede to him. With Hill out of the way Adlai E. Stevenson, former vice-president, was the favorite and all other names went down before his. He received 5395 votes on the first ballot and his nomination was made unanimous. The convention adjourned sine die at 3:21 p.m.

The World's Largest Vineyard.

Sunny Slope, Cal., enjoys the distinction of being the largest vineyard in the world.

It is situated amid the most beautiful scenery of the favored land, two miles from San Gabriel. A total of 1900 acres, 735 are devoted to grape-vine, the remainder being distributed among orange trees of which there are 12,000, lemon and olive trees. Indianapolis Press.

The Day to Fight.

It is noted that of thirty-four great battles twelve were fought on Sunday, six on Thursday, five on Wednesday, two on Friday, while Monday, Tuesday and Saturday claim two apiece.

FOOD FOR BRITISH SOLDIERS.

Meat and Butter Sent from Manitowoc to Transvaal.

Manitowoc, Wis., July 11.—[Special.]—The Ann Arbor carferry No. 1 yesterday took out of this port a cargo consisting of nineteen carloads of meat and one carload of butter consigned to England to be shipped from there to the English soldiers in the Transvaal. On board were also two carloads of Milwaukee beer for New York parties.

DEATH UNDER WHEELS.

Edward Padden of Fond du Lac Killed by a Train.

Train Could Not be Stopped and Three Cars Passed Over His Body.

Kenosha, Wis., July 11.—[Special.]—

Edward Padden of Fond du Lac, a brakeman on the Chicago & North-Western railway, met with a horrible death near the village of Pleasant Prairie last evening. He was assisting the other force on the train in switching some cars when he slipped and fell and went under the wheels. The other men saw the human body carried by Padden fly up in the air and they made every effort to stop the train, but it was too late, as three cars heavily laden with gravel, had passed over the brakeman, cutting his body completely in two pieces.

His remains were picked up by his comrades and a special train brought them back to Kenosha, where they were turned over to the coroner. The father and mother of Padden arrived this morning and took charge of the remains and will take them back to Fond du Lac this afternoon for interment. Young Padden was 23 years of age and was one of the best-known young men in Fond du Lac.

The body will be brought here at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon and taken to family residence, 16 Brooks street.

Two Other Wrecks.

Yesterday seemed to be a bad day for the railway company in Kenosha, for two wrecks are reported besides the killing of young Padden. Shortly after 6 o'clock last night two flares were released in the yards and as a result of the damage the entire line to the north was in danger as all telegraphic connection with Milwaukee and Racine was cut. The cars were backed into each other in the yards and one of them broke away from the trucks and shooting over the other car struck a telegraph pole. The pole was demolished and the wires which connected Kenosha with the north were all cut.

All connection was cut off for some time but no serious accident resulted from the broken lines beyond a delay of trains.

A short time after the wreck in the yards three cars were knocked off a side-track in the Chicago and Rockford Hosiery company's yards, entailing a considerable property loss to the company. A permanent national bank currency system, to be government by the government bonds must have a permanent debt to rest upon, and if the national currency is to increase the population will increase. The Republican currency scheme is, therefore, a scheme for fastening upon the taxpayers a perpetually growing debt for the benefit of the banks. We are opposed to the paper currency plan, which is calculated as money but without legal tender qualities, and demand the retirement of the national banknotes as fast as government paper or silver certificates can be substituted for them.

Direct Vote for Senators.

We favor an amendment to the federal constitution providing for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

We are opposed to government by injunction; we denounce the blacklist and favor arbitration as a means of settling disputes between corporations and their employees.

In the interest of American labor and the welfare of the workingmen we recommend that Congress create a department of labor in charge of a secretary, with a seat in the cabinet, believing that the election of the American laborer will bring with it increased production and increased prosperity to our country at home and to our country abroad.

We favor the immediate cessation of our participation in the Nicetraman canal by the United States, and we denounce the inactivity of the plank in the national Republican platform for an isthmian canal in face of the failure of the Republican majority to pass the bill pending in Congress.

Hay's-Pauncefote Treaty a Crime.

We condemn the Hay-Pauncefote treaty as a violation of American rights and interests, not to be tolerated by the American people.

We are proud of the courage and fidelity of the American soldiers and sailors in our wars; we favor liberal pensions to them and their dependents and we reiterate the position taken in the Chicago platform in 1896 that the fact of enlistment and service should be conclusive evidence against disease and disability in case of discharge.

Freight Trains Collide.

Portage, Wis., July 11.—Freight No.

65 and an extra westbound freight on the Milwaukee road had a head-on collision at Elba. The engines were badly smashed, but no one was injured.

DOCTORS DISAGREE.

Body of Manitowoc Man May be Exhumed to Determine Cause of Death.

Sheboygan, Wis., July 11.—[Special.]

A controversy has arisen as to the cause of the death of Herman Ludwig, a Manitowoc boy, 16 years old, who died in Sheboygan last week. At Manitowoc the impression prevails that the young man died of locking up in terrible agony. This impression is not confirmed in Sheboygan though there are conflicting statements as to the cause of the young man's death which are likely to result in the body being exhumed. The physician, who had the case in charge, says that the young man died of bowel infection and the death certificate was made out in that way. The physician says that there were droppings from a pus formation on one of the ears of the young man which infected the digestive organs. Another doctor, one of the leading physicians of Sheboygan, who saw the case fourteen hours before death came, says the young man died of mastoiditis and brain involvement, the result of an injury to the ear.

His third married took place at Randolph, Wis., when he was 90 years old, and little is known of it here. When 100 years old he joined the Welsh Presbyterian church.

Without a doubt Mr. Thomas was the eldest man in the state. He had grown feeble and his death was not unexpected.

VALUABLE INVENTION.

Menasha Man Perfects a New Style Telegraph Instrument Like a Phonograph Receiver.

Menasha, Wis., July 11.—[Special.]

G. H. Landgraf of this city has received notice of a grant of patent on a secret telegraph receiver. He has transferred the market right to the American Novelty company of Milwaukee under royal warrant, who have given him a loan of \$10,000 at not more than 4 per cent for ten years, to be paid in six annual payments of \$2000 per annum. A committee of three consisting of Ald. A. H. Pehl, J. P. Nolan and C. C. Ertz, was appointed to confer with the committees of the other wards of the city respecting the establishment of a central high school system in this city.

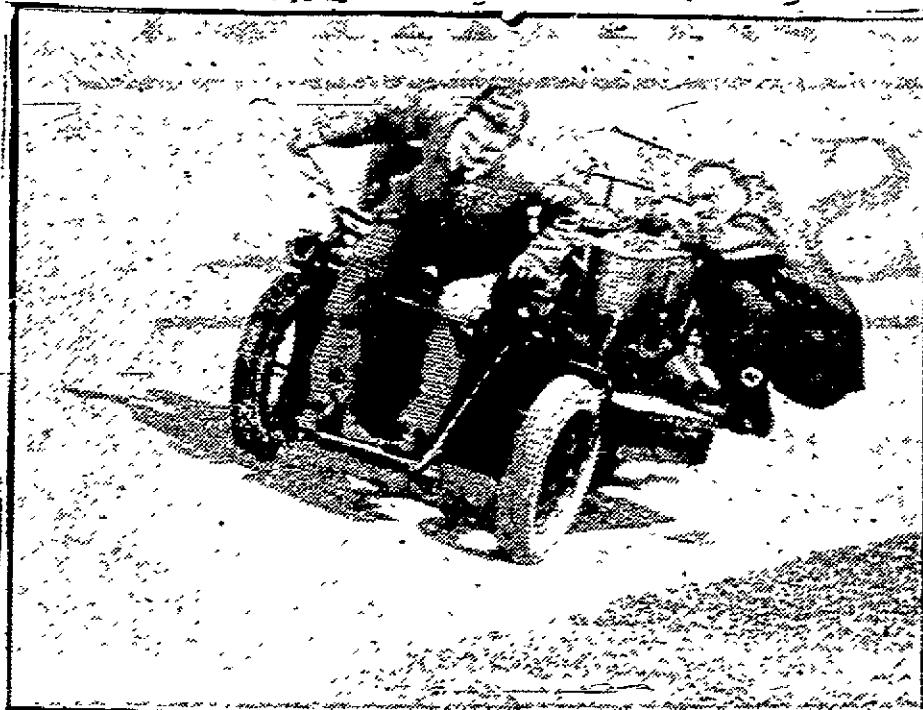
SAVE MONEY FOR STATE COAL CONTRACTS ARE LET AT A LOWER FIGURE THAN ORIGINAL BIDS.

Madison, Wis., July 11.—[Special.]

A further saving in the cost of coal for state institutions has been made by the state board of control through contracts closed for 3060 tons of lignite lignite screenings for the Home for Feeble-minded at Chippewa Falls at \$2.65 a ton, which is about 25 cents less per ton than the original bids, which were rejected.

A like reduction for the same coal was secured for the industrial school at Waupaca

MOST REMARKABLE LOOKING MACHINE.



An American, C. G. Bridgway, tried to win the Paris-Bordeaux motor race on the remarkable-looking machine shown above. The picture was taken as he was speeding around the track at a gait of 1 minute 29 1/2 seconds to the mile, or a little over 40 miles an hour.

HUMOROUS ITEMS.

A wise young man in Pennsylvania broke his engagement with a girl because on her graduation she took the oratorical prize.

The Elephant—"Haw! Haw! How'd the giraffe get the black eye?"

The Monkey—"On his way home from the stag party last night he stepped on it."

Degrees: General (angrily)—"I went to the war and defended my country." Statesman (wearily)—"That's nothing. I stayed at home and defended the war."

"Well, Bobby, did you have a good trip with your father?"

"No ma; he put my clothes on me hind side before ev' mornin'."—Indianapolis Journal.

JUST REVERSED.

Thought rats deserve a sinking ship. 'Tis proved in a tree.

The weaker vessel climbs a chair.

To get away from mice.

Shopman—"Here is a very nice thing in revolving book-cases, madam." Mrs. Newrich—"Oh, are those revolving book-cases? I thought they called them circulating libraries."—The King.

Teasing the June Bride.—"Dear me, Edgar, I wish we had something funny to read tonight."

"Well, my dear, there's your graduating essay."—Indianapolis Journal.

LIFE.

Life is golf. Temptations. The natural hazards are. Remove them? No, with these we play. The better game by far.

—Detroit Journal.

"The pastor of the church has been trying to boss the choir for six weeks, but they have won."

"What did they do?"

"Got his wife to join."—Harper's Bazaar.

"Did I understand you to say that he is a retired officer?" Regular Army.

"I didn't say a retired officer; I said a tired officer."

"Oh! Policeman, eh?"—Indianapolis Press.

"I neber could un'stan'" said Uncle Ebba, "why it is dar I finds so much mo' satisfaction in marchin' fol miles, hel'lin' 'urrash' dan I does walkin' a few furlongs behin' a mule, sayin' 'giddin'."

—Washington Star.

First College Man—"You say your arrest was a case of mistaken identity?"

Second College Man—"Yes. The cop had on citizen's clothes and I didn't know he belonged to the police in time to get away."—Puck.

"Yes," she declared, "I am an ardent advocate of women's rights." "Tell you married a widower," they pointed out. "Surely it is inconsistent for an advocate of women's rights to annex a woman's left."—Boston Transcript.

Mrs. Hatterson—"What? You have breakfast at half-past 7? Isn't that very early?"

Mrs. Catterson—"Yes. But it is necessary now since my husband has given up business to play golf."—Life.

Miss Plainface (earnestly)—"But if I had not all this money, do you think you could still be happy with me?"

Mr. Seckors (startled but equal to the emergency)—"A-a-a-Happy is not the word for it!"—Brooklyn Life.

Hewitt—"What did your wife say when she caught you kissing the cook?"

Jewett—"Oh, she said it was all right; that we must do all we could to keep her, and that she knew I was acting from a merely-unselfish standpoint."—Bazar.

"It is hard for me to acknowledge that I do not know it all," said the Cornell Philosopher, "but I confess I cannot see why the rock-the-boat idea is allowed to live until he is strong enough to tip it over."—Indianapolis Press.

Gen. Lloyd Wheaton is the only Illinois man in the regular army holding the grade of general. Gen. Wheaton was born in Michigan, but spent his early days in Illinois and enlisted in the Union army from that state:

Father—"Now, darling, I want you to let the public know that I didn't write your gratuitying essay."

Daughter—"Oh, pa, don't you worry about that; everybody that knows you will know you didn't."—Indianapolis Journal.

"I wish I had stayed away from that fortune teller."—Happy is not the word for it!"—Washington Star.

" Didn't she promise you a prosperous and pleasant future?"

"Yes, but she told me I had an uncle who blew out the gas."—Detroit Free Press.

Consistent at Any Rate.—"Why, Dolly, where's Marie? I thought you were playing circus?" "Well, she got mad and went home 'cause I wouldn't give her any peanuts. I was the monkey and she was the tiger, and tigers don't eat peanuts."—Harper's Bazar.

Tommy (whispering)—"Say, Chimmy, why don't you show de teacher yer mumps, so she will let you go home?"

Chimmy (hoarsely)—"Sh! yer idunt. I wants ter have de whole school ketch de disease, so as I kin have some uv de fellas ter play wid."—Judge.

Bobby—"Grody and his wife haven't had anything to say to one another for years, but last night, I am told, words passed between them."

Baskum—"You don't say?"

Bass—"Yes, he threw the dictionary at her."—Boston Transcript.

Mamma (to Bobby, just returned from an afternoon party)—"What kind of refreshments did you have, dear?"

Bobby—"Liquid?"

Mamma—"Liquid?"

Bobby—"Yes, us fellers all skipped out and went swimmin'."—Puck.

The Parrotte. Again—"That Wiggle-wiggle girl is telling around that her grandfather moved in the best society." "Exactly." And he also moved out the best society. "He had one of the best truck lots."—Indianapolis Press.

Violet Record.—Mr. Inuit (starting for

QUEER VOCATIONS.

What was Unearthed by the New York Census Enumerators.

There can be no better illustration of the truth of the mass-grown expression that "one-half the world does not know how the other half lives" than is found in the discoveries made by a number of census agents of this city. Occupations that were never known to exist have been unearthed by these questioners, and have given the students of odd jobs and unique livelihoods food for much thought.

For instance, a man's sole business is the making of monstrosities. He turns out sea serpents and mermaids as readily as the tailor cuts a pair of trousers.

One civic census takers in East Forty-third street found a professional spanker. His advertisement in a German paper said: "Unlucky and wayward boys are disciplined at parental expenses."

There was discovered in Fort Greene park, in Brooklyn, a man named Bremer, with a sign reading: "Cockroach killer to the United States navy." The cockroach killer made his "reputation" when he removed twenty-one barrels of cockroaches from the old wall-sided Pensacola. He does it with a sort of paste and is an expert.

Another queer occupation discovered is conducted by a man who "calls people." His chief customers are those who have to get up at unusually early hours, such as bartenders, policemen, motormen and the like.

The woman whose business it is to collect clerks, and who is said to make \$10 a day, is another queer one on the long list of oddities. She gathers all the whisky, champagne and mineral water works through a number of employees, and sells them to the firms their originally cut them.

Close to Bellevue hospital is a woman who sells bottles. The poor who go to the dispensary for medicines usually fail to take bottles along. The "bottle woman" sells for 1 or 2 cents each glass bottles of all sizes, ranging from the half-ounce to the one big enough for the horseiment.

The woman whose business is that of an east-side firm which is down in the books as "ejec-tion company." The firm does nothing except get rid of tenants.

Up on Broadway, near Fifty-seventh street, is a man whose business it is to breed dogs tails. He says the animals must be of an age at which their tails are ready. He doesn't believe in a kind that exceeds every dog's tail has a worm in it, and the only way to remove it is to bite the tail off.

A man named Kelly charges \$2.50 for destroying bad trees, a woman in Harlow trains college men for plays, three firms furnish clean jackets for bartenders and charge them from 50 cents to \$1 per week. Even the women on the east side, who make a business of lighting fires on holidays, are remembered in the list.—New York Cor. St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

THE CITY OF BAGDAD.

Its Characteristics Still Suggest the Days of the Caliphs.

Bagdad is one of the last of the spoiled great cities of the East. The bazaar of Constantinople has been defied by Western innovations, and European fashions are stealing into the shops of Tabriz. Bagdad is changing, too, but its colors and ways are still the same as suggested by the customs-house is the palace of the caliphate, hairy with the marks of more than eight centuries, and mosque and minaret recall great names of great days which will never come again.

In the palaces court now are iron from Birmingham and cotton from Manchester, matches from Sweden and cheaper and more sulphurous ones from Japan, chinaware from China and Russia, spirit and sugar from Marseilles, with wheat for shipment to London and wool and hides for America. Where the caliph's favorites once sold kingdoms, inspectors now take their petty bribes. It is a curious bedlam. Caravans come in from Persia, Arabia and Mesopotamia. The laden camels, horses and donkeys drag on east, north, west and south, laden with porters pushing by carrying on their backs a 350-pound halve of cotton, and the Bagdad natives are distinguished from the rest by the Bagdad blouse, a scar about the size of a date, often on the end of the nose, always on the face, the mark of an ugly scab, which sooner or later comes to disfigure almost every man of Bagdad.

Kate—"How absurd! How could he have gone down on his knees when I—Where do you suppose I was, anyway?"—Boston Transcript.

Lawyer—"Perhaps we can make out an alibi."

Poisoner—"I'm afraid not! But warn't no prit meeting dat night, no revival, de Tennyson club didn't meet dat night, nor de social purity league—and besides, der korchet me comin' right out ob de coop wif de chickens!"—Puck.

Here is a gem from the Oxford Magazine: "A few days ago the rector of Oxford university received from a zealous man the following: 'How much would I have to pay for the education of my son in your university?' Let me know if I shall have to pay more in case my son besides rowing, should wish to learn to read and write."

Yassir," said Erasmus Pilkler, "when I made my appearance in dat convention, I was de objeet of no' attention dan anybody else in de place. Dey jes' riz up in their seats when dey saw me comin' down de aisle."

"Did you make a speech?"

"No, indeed; I had a bucket of ice-water in a glass."—Washington Star.

The Wife—"Do you know what condition you came home in last night?"

The Husband—"I can imagine, dear."

"You deceived me."

"That's what I said. You told me you were only going out for a little while."

"Did I say a little while, dear? I meant I was going out for a little time."—Yankees Statesman.

Johnny—"Mamma, don't you think it wicked to be such a good cook that you tempt others to do naughty things?"

Mamma—"What an idea! Why do you ask?"

Johnny—"Nothing; only that cake you made and put in the cupboard last evening was awfully good."—Boston Transcript.

Father—"Where is your mother, John?"

Johnny—"She's out in the back yard whittling."

Father—"Are you sure she is whiteling?"

Johnny—"Yes, sir; she's trying to sharpen a lead pencil."—Bloomington Pantagraph.

Johny—"Hello, central!" "What number, please?" "Give me Pekin and connect with the palace of the Dowager Empress?" "All right." "Is that the Empress?" "Yes, who are you?" "I am Prof. Kruger, President of the South African republic." "Well?" "I merely called you up to advise you to load your capital into a jitney-sha and get ready to leave."—Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly.

The Utility of Pain.

Although looked upon as an evil, pain is kind. It tells that the laws of Nature have been violated and warns us to correct the cause. If it were not for pain we should go on doing things that would destroy us. Pain is warning that something is wrong, and instead of trying to hush the pain with some drug, we should seek to remove the cause.—New York Telegram.

On Reading Aloud.

A good deal of time, now devoted to commentaries and text study, might profitably be given to reading the text alone, without note or comment. A work of art slowly discloses its full meaning, and familiarity with it is the first condition of comprehension.—Harper's Bazar.

Washington's Automobile Craze.

The craze for automobiles continues to well, before long, entirely supersede the use of the horse at the nation's capital, for not only have they become a fad with society people, but the shops, the express companies and the transit companies are rapidly adopting them.

Edwin Conger, American minister to China, knows the Oriental character as thoroughly as any diplomat in the East, and, unlike most, he speaks several Chinese dialects.

Soldiers Versus Preachers.

Under favorable conditions the mortality among soldiers is practically the least known, with a death rate of only five in every 1000. Compared with a clergymen's fatality the placid days of a clergymen are full of danger, for his death rate is eleven in 1000, or more than twice as great as that of his minister brother.

We Have Sold MORE STEEL RANGES in the last year than all other dealers combined.

100% of our sales are to individuals who buy for their own use.

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Buy Your....

DRUGS

and

Medicines

....from....

Sam Church,

The Druggist.

Prescriptions a Specialty.

E. B. FRITZINGER,

REAL ESTATE AND
INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Daly Block, West Side.
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

BRICK...

This Season's Product now on the market. Write for prices.

CENTRAL WIS. PRESSED BRICK CO.
Marshfield, Wisconsin.



I can fit your eyes with properly constructed glasses, no matter what the defect may be. All styles of rims to suit any shaped face.

EYES TESTED FREE.

Come in and have your eyes tested if you have any trouble with them. I can remedy the ailment.

A. P. HIRZY.

USE...

VICTORIA

...OR...

SUNBEAM



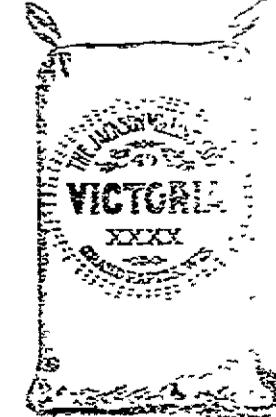
FLOUR

None Equal!

And

Few Equal It.

All Grocers Handle it.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only balsams and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills.

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sold for \$1.00 per box.

For Sale by Johnson and Hill Co., agents for Centralia and Grand Rapids Wis.

Grand Rapids Tribune

LOCAL ITEMS.

Dr. J. C. Conniff visited over Sunday in Mosinee.

Isaac P. Witter and bride arrived home Thursday evening.

Hayden Kelly was a Hancock visitor Monday and Tuesday.

C. H. Johnson, of Marshfield, visited with friends here over Sunday.

J. J. O'Reilly, of Babcock, was in the city Wednesday on business.

P. Huber, of Nekoosa, transacted business in the city Wednesday.

W. A. Scott, of the M. & S. E. railroad, was in the city Wednesday.

Mrs. J. Arquette, of Pittsville, was in the city shopping on Thursday.

Mrs. A. Pete and son, of Arpin, were in the city on Thursday shopping.

Mrs. and Mrs. E. S. Bailey, of Vesper were Milwaukee visitors this week.

Mrs. and Mrs. Geo. Kinister of Pittsville, visited in the city on Monday.

Mrs. and Mrs. B. Ferrer, of Dexter-ville, were visitors here on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Snider, of Pittsville, were visitors in the city on Tuesday.

Miss Viola Garrison departed last Tuesday for a visit with relatives at Thorp.

Will Gross spent the first of the week at Necedah contracting for blueberries.

Miss Della Lewis, of Minneapolis, is a guest of her sister, Mrs. S. L. Brooks.

County Supt. Otto J. Leu has been in Marshfield the past week holding institute.

George Seubert, of Marshfield, was transacting business in the city on Monday.

Irving Schmitz returned the forepart of the week from an extended visit at Oshkosh.

Judge Geo. L. Williams, of Milwaukee, transacted legal business here on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Israel Crotteaus of Sherry were in the city on Thursday.

J. D. Curran, of Stevens Point, transacted business in the city on Wednesday.

Laundry work for the Riverside Steam Laundry may be left at the store of L. Kramer & Soa.

Chas. Whittlesey, of Cranmoor, spent Wednesday in the city transacting business.

Geo. Newmeyer, of Menasha, was the guest of M. A. Bogger a few days the past week.

The Maennerchor society are preparing for a picnic to take place some time in August.

Sam Dunaway spent a few days the latter part of last week among relatives at Plover.

Arthur Sickels and Robt. McDonald spent Wednesday at Pittsville transacting business.

Miss Edith Nash departed last Tuesday for Madison to visit her sister, Mrs. W. A. Scott.

Joseph E. Daly, the Necedah druggist, visited his brother F. P. Daly here on Friday.

Louis Port, the cigar man of Stevens Point, interviewed his customers here on Thursday.

Mrs. J. N. Meunier, of Tomahawk, is visiting at the home of her mother, Mrs. J. M. Thorne.

Attorneys W. E. Wheelan and W. J. Conway transacted legal business at Babcock on Tuesday.

Miss Olive Proell, of Macinawoc, is a guest of Dr. and Mrs. Frank Pomainville and Miss Effie Goggins.

Lace curtains and pillow shams do up in first-class shape at the Riverside steam laundry.

D. W. Compton returned from Omro Tuesday, where he had been visiting relatives since the third inst.

Mrs. Patrick Conway has returned from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. W. E. Bertram at Peterson, Iowa.

Mrs. E. C. Smith left Thursday for Merrill where she expects to spend a couple of weeks visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. McGlynn and Miss Harriet Long, of Pittsville, were in the city shopping last Saturday.

Miss Lucy Woodworth, of Pittsville, came over last Sunday to attend the funeral of the late E. B. Brundage.

Chief musician A. P. Adams of the Second Regt. Band, of Marshfield, transacted business here on Tuesday.

Miss Florence Bailey, of Wauaca, arrived here today and will visit with Miss Vinnie Podawitz for a few days.

Mrs. H. Booth returned Wednesday from Tomahawk where she has been visiting the past week with her husband.

T. J. Cooper has announced that he is a candidate for the nomination for clerk of the court on the Republican ticket.

Miss Minnie Plenke has resigned her position as clerk in J. A. Cohen's store. She is succeeded by Miss Mary Molinski.

Mrs. N. Johnson entertained a number of ladies "at tea" last Saturday afternoon in honor of Mrs. C. A. Coon, of Madison.

A brick walk has been built about the business place of the Centralia Hardware Co. and the improvement is very marked.

James Cosgrove, Jr., foreman of the G. B. & W. roadhouse in this city, visited with his parents at Stevens Point last week.

Mrs. H. L. Brooks, of Tomahawk, has been spending the past week in the city a guest of her mother, Mrs. M. J. Belanger.

Ex-Mayor Theron Lyon spent several days the past week in Chicago purchasing new machinery for his saw mill in this city.

Miss Genevieve Spencer, who has been a guest of Mrs. D. D. Conway, departed for her home at Washington, D. C. last Tuesday.

W. T. Jones, general agent for the farm machinery firm of Kingman & Co., of Peoria, Ill., spent Sunday with his family in this city.

—Have A. A. Carter call for your laundry. Orders can be left at Brazeau's barber shop. All work guaranteed.

6-16 w6

The Democratic convention for the eighth district will be held at New London on August 23rd. Wood county is entitled to four delegates.

Miss Olive Whiting, of this city, spent last Tuesday at Stevens Point in attendance at the funeral of her old friend, Mrs. Blondon Tack.

Among the aspirants for nomination on the democratic ticket this fall is John Juno, of Marshfield. Mr. Juno is partial to the office of sheriff.

Mrs. L. Brown, of Grand Rapids, returned to her home Monday, after a six weeks visit with her cousin, Mrs. S. W. Smith.—Eagle River News.

Harry A. Burt, of Rhinelander, a schoolmate and brother mason of E. B. Brundage, came down Saturday to be present at the funeral Sunday.

Mr. Chet. Woodford, of Menominee, Mich., arrived here today and will spend a few days with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Freeman.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lavaque, of LaCrosse, have been guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Lavaque at Rudolph the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bayson and Mrs. Bayson's sister, Miss Weaver, made a trip to Marshfield this week and visited relatives and other friends.

—Currents gooseberries and black-caps ready for delivery. Telephone 181, either morning, noon or evening to Riverdale Farm.

B. E. Walters the Pittsville Pilot man, had a proper celebration on the Fourth at his house. Mrs. Walters presented her husband with a baby boy.

Mr. and Mrs. Luft, who have been visiting with the family of District Atty. Conway during last week, returned to their home at Madison on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Henderson and children, of Star Lake and Mr. A. Merriman, of Plainfield, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Potter the past week.

J. J. Haasl, who resides near Milladore has announced that he is a candidate for the nomination for sheriff for Portage county on the republican ticket.

Mrs. E. Drewery, who has been running a restaurant on the east side during the past month, last week closed her establishment and removed from the city.

Geo. A. Delap, foreman in the Marshfield News office, was in the city last Sunday in attendance at the funeral of his former employer, the late E. B. Brundage.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Bennett departed on Wednesday for Cameron, Wis., where they expect to camp for the next three weeks near one of their cranberry marshes.

Miss Laura Schmitz left for her home in Merrill today to be absent a couple of months. She will return here in September to reopen her millinery establishment.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Conner, of Marshfield, attended the funeral of the late E. B. Brundage last Sunday. Mr. Lester says that at least 50 per cent. of his cranberries were damaged by the frost of two weeks ago.

Miss Else Madsen, daughter of Rev. Chr. Madsen, former pastor of the Moravian church in this city, but who is now located at Unionville, Mich., is visiting friends in this city.

—It stands alone, it towers above. There's no other, its nature's wonder, a warming position to the heart of mankind. Such is Rocky Mountain Tea.

35 cents at Johnson & Hill Co.

The Misses Laura and Stella Emons, of this city, have applied for positions as teachers in the Milladore schools, the former in the upper and the latter in the lower grade.

—Dr. J. C. Conniff, Dentist. Office over the Centralia Drug Co.'s store in Daly block, Centralia, Wis.

Mrs. K. M. Karner leaves today for Stevens Point having sold her business in this city. In retiring Mrs. Karner wishes to thank her many patrons for their past favors.

F. Norwitzky has moved his family here into the Closet house near the Green Bay depot. His intention is to build on the vacant lots just south of the depot and go into business.

Among other visiting members of the Masonic order who attended the funeral services of E. B. Brundage here on Sunday, was John Anderson, conductor of the M. & S. E. road.

—The wagon of the Riverside Steam Laundry will call at Port Edwards twice each week. Save your bundle for us.

The Democratic State convention for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various elective offices will be held at Milwaukee August 22. Wood county is entitled to eight delegates.

At the thirtieth senatorial district convention held at Merrill last Wednesday, D. E. Riordan, of Eagle River, was unanimously re-nominated for senator by the republicans of that district.

At a convention of the republicans of the ninth district held at Antigo last Tuesday, Webster E. Brown, a well known lumberman of Rhinelander, was nominated for congress on the first ballot.

Chas. Smith conductor on one of the G. B. & W. freight trains who has been running a passenger train on the Keweenaw Line for the past month, is back on his old run again between here and Green Bay.

—35c, 35c, not 25c, no: 50c, 35c. the price of Rocky Mountain Tea in the world over. None genuine, unless made by the Madison Medicine Co. Sold by Johnson & Hill Co. druggist.

F. W. Burt has resigned his position as assistant postmaster of Grand Rapids. He is succeeded by H. W. Lord. Mr. Burt has served as postmaster and assistant postmaster for the past twenty-six years.

About fourteen ladies from this city went out to the home of Frank Hamm in the town of Rudolph last Wednesday and tendered surprise to Mrs. Hamm. A very pleasant day spent is reported by the ladies present.

—Dr. McElwee will resume his regular visits to Grand Rapids on Saturday July 21, at the Witter House. The doctor's many patients will be glad to welcome him safely back again after his visit to Europe.

Prof. C. D. Kipp, of Elkhorn, has been engaged as principal of the Black River Fall High school for the coming year. Mr. Kipp was a former resident of this city, and is a brother for Mrs. G. W. Paulus.

If wives have any compassion for the sorrows of cross, crabid husbands, give them Rocky Mountain Tea. Twill remove any misunderstanding in the family. Johnson & Hill Co.

Lightning struck the barn of Wm. Lenz, who resides south of the city and three horses and a colt were killed. Bill Ward's house was also struck but nobody was hurt although the house was damaged somewhat.

Gus. Johnson, millwright at the Neekoosa Paper Co.'s mill arrived home the first of the week from Oshkosh, where he had been receiving treatment in a hospital for sciatic rheumatism, which affected one of his knees.

Contractor Bord on Monday finished a new barn for Patrick Rowan of the town of Sigel which is 30x72 feet. He has also received the contract to erect another new barn for John Pospiel of Arpin. This structure will be 30x60.

J. R. Chapman and Dr. A. L. Ridgeman got back from their fishing trip Tuesday evening and they speak very highly of the time they had while up there. Among the numerous other fish they caught was a muscallonge that weighed 18 pounds.

An unusual phenomenon was observed in the south on Tuesday evening about 9:30, this being a lunar rainbow. The moon was shining brightly and the bow was quite plain, but no colors were visible. The sight lasted for about ten minutes.

J. B. Hanah, of Pittsville, was a guest of B. F. Haskins over Sunday. Mr. Hanah was a member of the 20th U. S. regtars during the Spanish-American war and took part in the battle of Santiago. He suffered the loss of one of his eyes through sickness while out with the soldiers.

"We sold many different cough remedies, but none have given better satisfaction than Chamberlain's," says Mr. Charles Holzhauser, Druggist, Newark, N. J. "It is perfectly safe and can be relied upon in all cases of coughs, colds, hoarseness. Sold by Johnson & Hill Co."

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

A STATEMENT BY CHINA.

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

DRUMB & SUTOR, - Publishers.

MADISON WOMAN IS KILLED IN CHICAGO.

Miss Lyna Kleinpell, a School Teacher, Asphyxiated—May Have Been Suicide.

Chicago, Ill., July 10.—[Special.]—Miss Lyna Kleinpell, a Chicago school teacher, whose home was in Madison, Wis., was found dead from asphyxiation in her room this morning. There was nothing to indicate whether the death was accidental or intentional. The body will be sent to Madison.

RECOVER THE BODIES.

Remains of Mrs. James Corrigan and Daughter Found by Submarine Diver.

Cleveland, O., July 10.—Submarine Diver McEasell today recovered the bodies of Mrs. James Corrigan and her daughter, Mrs. Riley, from the wreck of the schooner yacht Idler. It is expected that the bodies of all the victims of Saturday's disaster will be taken from the wreck today.

Mrs. John Corrigan, the only survivor of the yacht pleasure party, says:

"Mark Samuel Biggam of the Idler was the only man on board who did anything at all to help us. He was the only man who went into the cabin at all. He did all that he could. Capt. Holmes did not go into the cabin at all. When the squalls struck us and the yacht was sinking Capt. Holmes yelled something at us, but I don't remember what it was."

Capt. Holmes, when asked why he had so much sail up when the squall struck, retorted, "Well, I was in the middle of the forestay sail and inner jib were up."

It is now known that when the squall struck the Idler broadside lies mastsail, forestay sail and inner jib were up.

New York, July 10.—The wedding dress of Mrs. Charles Rieley, who was married with splendor in Cleveland but two years ago, will be her shroud. Her husband telegraphed to New Brunswick for it and it has been forwarded by express. Mrs. Charles Rieley, with her little daughter, Marion Rieley, was drowned Saturday afternoon in the capsizing of the yacht Idler, owned by Commodore Corrigan, in Lake Erie. Mr. Corrigan is superintendent of the New Brunswick Foundry company. Mrs. Corrigan was saved and all the members of the crew, but Mrs. Rieley and daughter and her sister, Miss Jane Corrigan, and Miss Ethel Corrigan perished.

BOERS ARE TREKKING.

Said to Have Evacuated All Their Positions in the Vicinity of Senekal.

Senekal, Orange River Colony, Monday, July 9.—An extended reconnaissance today resulted in the discovery that the Boers have evacuated all their positions around Senekal. Numbers of them appear to have gone towards Ficksburg and the remainder in the direction of Bethlehem. The British commanders express the opinion that the reinforcement of the Boers forebodes a speedy end of the war in this section of the country.

Paris, July 10.—The Boer delegates, Messrs. Wessels, Fischer and Wolmarans, accompanied by Dr. Leyde, the diplomatic agent of the Transvaal, today paid a visit to M. Delesse, the minister of foreign affairs.

British Policy Denounced.

Cape Town, July 10.—At a meeting of Afrikander women here yesterday, called to protest against the annexation of the republics to the British empire and the punishment of the rebels, Mrs. Olive Schreiter, Crownright, denounced the British policy, and said she was ashamed of her British descent, and added:

"The Afrikanders are oppressed, peace is impossible. Every trench of Boer dead is a grave of England's honor. Every bullet striking a wound also finds a bullet in the heart of the empire."

It is reported here that President Kruger's retainer of large amounts of gold at Mashadodorp has created the utmost discontent among the mercenaries, officers and men. They expected substantial rewards for championing the Boer interests, but have received nothing. It is added that visiting foreigners who have subsequently advocated intervention are believed to have received substantial sums. Proofs, it is further asserted, have been discovered in Pretoria which promise startling developments.

HOBART LEFT \$3,000,000.

Inventory of the Estate of the Late Vice-President is Filed.

Paterson, N. J., July 10.—The inventory of the personal estate of the late Vice-President Garret A. Hobart was filed yesterday in the surrogate's office. It consists principally of stocks and bonds of various railroad and industrial corporations, and totals up \$2,025,341.53, according to the appraisal made by Hobert J. Nelden and Edward A. Walton. It is estimated that Mr. Hobart's entire estate will amount to \$3,000,000. He owned considerable stock in different gold, silver and copper mines, but the value of these are marked "doubtful" in the inventory. He left \$1,000,000 to his wife and the balance to his only child, Garret A. Hobart.

DIVE IN SUBMARINE VOLCANO.

Three Sailors from British Cruiser Get Into Hot Water.

London, July 10.—A special to the Times from Sydney, N. S. W., says:

"The British cruiser *Rinconoma*, while practising off the New Hebrides, lost a torpedo, which sank suddenly in seventeen fathoms of water. Three divers attempted to descend to recover the torpedo, but were unable to do so, as they came upon submarine volcano in action."

The water below the surface was boiling hot. The men fled from the ears and nose, and their diving dresses were injured.

School Gardens in Europe.

In kitchen gardens the Swedes aim especially to promote agriculture, while the French seek to advance the culture of fruit, vegetables and flowers. The school gardens in the country places of Switzerland are intended to give theoretical training in the growth of the most useful and important plants and to promote a love for horticulture and rural embellishments.—New York Tribune.

NEVER PLEASED.

The weather always holds his rule; "All ways are never reasonable." "When it's hot and night are cool He walks, it's so unseasonable!" —Ex-

Imperial Government Disclaims Liability for Boxer Outrages.

FOREIGNERS BLAMED.

Natives Resented Offensive Conduct by Foreign Troops—Attack on French Settlement.

Washington, D. C., July 11.—An imperial decree dated third day of sixth moon (June 29) was received by telegraph today, by Minister Wu from the court of Shanghai, transmitted on July 1, from the treasurer of the Chih Li province, who received it by special courier on June 30, from the board of war, who in turn received it from the privy council in Peking. The decree is as follows:

"The circumstances which led to the conduct of the foreign troops in China and foreigners were of such a complex, confusing and unfortunate character as to be entirely unexpected.

Our diplomatic representatives abroad, owing to their distance from the scenes of the actual outbreak of hostilities and circumstances, cannot lay the views of the government before the ministers for foreign affairs of the respective powers to which they are accredited. Now we take this opportunity of going fully into the matter, for in the first place there arose in the provinces of Chih Li and Shantung a band of rebels subjects who had been in the habit of practicing boxing and fencing in their villages, cities, and towns, the same clothing their bodies with metallic and strange articles and strange rites. The local authorities failed to take due notice of them at the time. Accordingly, the infection spread with astonishing rapidity. Within a month it seemed to make its appearance in every town and finally overtook the capital itself. Everyone looked upon the movements as supernatural and strange, and many joined it.

Boys with Christianity.

Then there were lawless and treacherous persons who sounded the cry of "Down with Christianity." About the middle of the fifth moon these persons began to create disturbances without warning. Churches were burned and events were begun. The rebellion was at a moment brought under control, which could not be brought under control. At first the foreign powers requested that the foreign troops be allowed to enter the capital for the protection of the legations. The imperial government, however, saw the necessity of the occasion, caused the request as an extraordinary mark of courtesy beyond the requirements of international intercourse. Over 500 foreign troops were sent to Peking. This shows clearly how much care was exercised by the ministers of friendly relations with other countries. The legations at the capital never had much to do with the people. But from the time foreign troops entered the city the guards did not devote themselves exclusively to the protection of their respective legations, but to the protection of their guns on the top of the city walls and sometimes patrolled the streets everywhere. There were reports of persons being hit by rifle bullets. Moreover, they strolled about the city without restraint, and even attempted to enter the temple gates. These gates were the main gate around Peking. They only desisted when admittance was positively forbidden. On this account both the soldiers and the people were provoked to resentment, and voiced their indignation in an accord. The lawless persons then withdrew to the city to do as they pleased and became bolder than ever in burning and killing Christian converts.

The powers thereupon attempted to reinforce the foreign troops in Peking, but the reinforcements encountered resistance and defeat. The number of foreign troops was small and have not been able to proceed. The insurgents of the two provinces of Chih Li and Shantung have by this time effected a complete union and could not be separated.

Ministers Requested to Retire.

The imperial government was by no means reluctant to issue orders for the entire suppression of this insurrection, elements of which numbered 500,000, and that there was a great fear that so dire a situation might not be assured to the legations if the authorities should be driven to extremities thus bringing on a national calamity. There was a year that uprisings might occur in the provinces, but the result at the same time, with the result that the Chinese might bring about a revolution, was absolutely necessary to consider the nature of the emergency. As the measure of precaution it was finally decided to request the foreign ministers to retire temporarily to Tien Tsin for safety. It was while the discussion of this proposition was in progress that the German minister, Baron von Förster, was assassinated by a mob one evening while on his way to Peking. The whole tone of the edict is to hold the foreigners blameable for the gravity of the crisis. Two hundred and fifty white refugees from Tien Tsin have arrived in Shanghai.

New York, July 11.—A dispatch from Rev. Horace T. Pitts, stationed at Peking, says: An edict of the Empress Dowager, promulgated on June 30, has just been published in Shanghai. Her majesty expresses sorrow for the death of Baron Von Ketteler, the German minister, who, she says, died to the rising li yamen on the day of his death against her wishes.

Her majesty expresses regret that the capture of the Tien Tsin forts should have complicated matters, but orders that the Boxers be suppressed and the foreign legations in Peking protected. The whole tone of the edict is to hold the foreigners blameable for the gravity of the crisis. Two hundred and fifty white refugees from Tien Tsin have arrived in Shanghai.

New York, July 11.—A dispatch from Rev. Horace T. Pitts, stationed at Peking, says: The steamer chartered by the American consul to rescue missionaries has returned from its third trip, bringing fifteen Catholics and six Americans. The latter were Rev. W. B. Hamilton and Rev. H. P. Perkins and wife from Ching Fu, and Rev. C. W. Mabrey and Prof. Mason Wells, wife and children from Teng-Chow-Fu.

The missionaries report that at Yang-Tiau-Kow, where they embarked, the Boxers collected and threatened them. Native Christians were suffering great persecution. The American refugees are leaving here for Japan at every opportunity.

The situation at Tien Tsin and Chefoo is unchanged. No news reaches here from Peking.

Dissatisfaction is expressed by the British residents here at the refusal of the British admiral to station a warship in the harbor. They are granted to the American government for the Nashville, which is here continuously. But for the Nashville Chefoo would often be without any protection. Many other warships visit here, but none stay.

A steamer which has just arrived reports that the native city of New Chiawang has been burned.

Li Hung Chang Under Suspicion.

Pairs, July 11.—Li Hung Chang and the report of his endeavors to hold the southern Chinese in check are held in grave suspicion here. It is believed that with all the exemplary activity that appears on the surface the wily general is doing his best to produce misunderstanding among the powers. It is declared that he asked Great Britain to propose to the United States that it invite Japan to intervene simply to create jealousies among the powers.

GRABBING TERRITORY.

Rescue of Legations will Not End the Troubles in China.

London, July 11.—Close observers perceive that the deliverance of the legations, if it can be effected, will not mark the end of the Chinese complications, but the beginning of one of the most trouble-some chapters in European diplomacy.

Japan, having sent a strong force into China, will be as resolute as Russia to retire without receiving adequate compensation in territory, and Germany may be equally persistent in her demands for satisfaction for the murder of her minister.

Chinese news offers a strange medley of contradictions and surmises, but the general tone of the press dispatches is brighter and more hopeful than it has been. There is no confirmation here that the American report that the legations were safe on July 5, which is a day later than the official dispatch to the admiralty, but there is an apparently trustworthy statement from Shantung that the Empress Dowager has resumed control of the imperial government, with Yung-Lu as chief minister. It is not clear whether Prince Chien has been discredited, or whether the Empress Dowager is still using him to keep the Boxers under control and at the same time directing Yung-Lu and Prince Ching to protect the legations.

There are no further details of the Chinese operations against Tien Tsin, nor any explanations of the evidence which led Admiral Bruce to believe that Prince Ching is supplying the legations with food and defending them against assault. News from Central China is, however, distinctly reassuring, and indicates that the anti-foreign movement is not making progress in that quarter and that the mission stations are safe. Lord Salisbury himself has confirmed this view in

ministers is gratifying to the officials here for they have all along been more or less doubtful of the authenticity of the several despatches which have emanated from Shanghai respecting the relations between Prince Ching and the legations.

It is said that the note does not call for answer from the state department at this stage and will not materially affect the military programme laid down by our government. Such forces as we can land in China will be pushed forward with rapidity to Peking. The only consideration that would induce the administration to relax the programme at any point would be the reopening of communication with Minister Conger and his release from any sort of arrest or restraint. Possession now that the note is coming from the foreign minister is considered by the government to be sufficient to permit the foreign ministers in Peking, if they are alive, to do the same. Our government probably will suggest to the tsung li yamen through Minister Wu here that this be done. Much will depend upon the reverse.

Boxers Routed by Russians.

Berlin, July 11.—The German consul at Tien Tsin cables that the foreign settlements were continually bombarded by the Chinese from July 5 to July 8. On July 6, 2000 Boxers attacked the French settlement and were repelled by the Russi-

ans. The British and Japanese forces

were engaged in maintaining their defenses. Ordered the Solace here to

take sick and wounded to Yokohama hospital. Oregon will proceed soon to deck at Kure, towed by chartered steam

er and convoyed by the Nashville. Just

learned from Admiral Seymour at Tien Tsin that the foreigners there are hard

a letter to friends of the foreign mission association.

It was strongly rumored in service and parliamentary clubs today that the British government was preparing to send 100,000 Indian troops to China in the autumn. A foreign office official said to a representative of the Associated Press that no such a number of men could possibly be spared from India, nor was it possible for Great Britain to add to her present responsibility by sending out such a force.

Wherever secured, however, he added, it may safely be asserted that strong British reinforcements will be on their way to the far East before the end of September.

American Marines Landed.

Washington, D. C., July 11.—The following cablegram has been received at the navy department from Admiral Reuter:

"Arrived yesterday, two battalions of the Ninth infantry and one battalion of marines, Col. Meade, landed today to

proceed to Tien Tsin. Allied forces at

Tien Tsin engaged in maintaining their

defenses. Ordered the Solace here to

take sick and wounded to Yokohama

hospital. Oregon will proceed soon to

deck at Kure, towed by chartered steam

er and convoyed by the Nashville. Just

learned from Admiral Seymour at Tien Tsin that the foreigners there are hard

done. Much will depend upon the re-

verse.

REPUTIATION AT WASHINGTON.

San Francisco Collector of Customs Declares War Against China.

Washington, D. C., July 11.—War against China was officially declared by Collector of Customs Johnson, San Francisco. Several Chinese applied to admission to this country, and Collector Jackson refused permission to even allow the Chinese to be examined as to

their right to enter the country, declar-

ing that owing to the conditions existing in Peking that China and the United States were at war and that all treaties were null and void.

Consul-General He Yew took issue with the collector and promptly communicated the facts in regard to the action of the collector to Mr. Wu, the Chinese minister at Washington.

Mr. Wu hurried to the state department and saw Secretary Hay and told him of the advanced position of Collector Jackson, insisted that his government was not responsible for the chaotic conditions existing in China, and that Mr. Jackson's action was unwarranted.

Assurances were given the representative of the Empress Dowager that the act of Collector Jackson was not in accord with the policy of the government.

Secretary Gage was notified of what had transpired and asked what was the meaning of the attitude of the collector at the Golden Gate. It was evident Mr. Jackson had acted on his own responsibility and without the formality of consulting his superiors and usurped the powers of Congress and declared war.

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Captain Brabazon

BY B. M. CROKER

A Military Romance of South Africa

CHAPTER XVII.—(Continued.)

"It's no use, Miles," he gasped faintly, with half-closed, glazing eyes. "I'm bound to go; but I can't bear to think of your running this risk for me, when every dragon may be full of those fellows every bit of bush swarming with them."

"There's not a soul on the veldt but ourselves, Ted," returned the other, boldly; "don't you be uneasy about it. The ambulance ought to be here in an hour and a half, and we will have you in camp in less than no time. You must not talk like this."

"But I must—I have so little time. Say good-by to all the fellows for me, and to Farrar, my chum; he took my duty today. Well, I'll never pay him now."

What could Miles say? A horrible chill conviction that what Teddy said was true was creeping over him. His failing, straggling breath, his feeble voice, all pointed to something more mortal than a severe wound.

"Don't talk, Teddy, my dear boy," he implored; "it's the worst thing you can do."

"Let me go on," with a faint gesture; "I have so little time. I know I'm going," he gasped, "and I won't say I'm not sorry, for I am. She will never know now—"

A pause of some seconds, and then he spoke again. "Give my love to Gus and Flo and Aunt Jane—yes, and—

—with a visible effort, "Mrs. Brabazon—why should I bear her ill will now?"—and Esme—this will be hard on her," catching his breath; "but she will marry you Miles—I know it tell her I said so. And you will take Kitty—poor' Kitty—and be kind to her, for my sake. Kitty," raising his failing voice, "come here; put down your head, old girl, and say good-bye."

Low as he spoke, her eager ears heard his well-known call, and she came at once and gently pushed her soft, brown nose into his hand.

"You will send everything I have—it's not much to Esme, and let me be buried as I am—in my uniform. I did not wear it long."

"Oh, Teddy!" exclaimed his companion, in a broken voice, "you cannot give yourself up like this. What can I do for you? Heaven knows how gladly I would give my life for yours. How could I go home without you? What could I say to Esme? I dare not face her alone,

wiping his damp forehead, clutching his hands as he spoke, and pouring the last few drops of spirits down his comrade's throat.

"Keep up; the ambulance and the doctor have surely left camp by this time. We ought to have them with us in less than an hour."

"Yes, but I won't be here—when they come—they will be too late. I'm glad you are with me, Miles—you who have been brother to me—it's not so very hard to die, after all. Where is your hand? Let me hold it—for I'm going to set out on a long, long journey—longer than we thought when I left camp this morning—a pause, then a faint pressure of the hand, and a still fainter, almost inaudible whisper, saying: "Miles, are you there? Tell Esme—it will be all right," and this was the last word.

Vainly Miles spoke, vainly he beat his ear to his cousin's lips. There was no sound now—only a vast, irresponsive silence. Thick, black darkness had suddenly set in; the night was cold, the moments laden. Miles himself was weak from loss of blood. Vainly he chafed Teddy's hands, vainly he told himself, "He had only fainted." He strained his ears anxiously for coming hoofs and welcome voices. There was no trampling of horsemen, but his practiced sportsman's keen sense of hearing caught another less reassuring sound, the sound of many footsteps—stealthy, bare footsteps—stealing through the high grass close by. There were great numbers, probably a portion of the impi who had already encountered, for the stealthy march lasted for a long time. The huge boulder sheltered him effectually, and they passed in the darkness. The last tread at length died away, and that moment of throbbing suspense was tided over in safety.

When the end came Miles never knew; gradually, gradually, the hand in his hand relaxed its hold, had become first cool, then cold, then icy. He was dead. Teddy was dead. How strange, how impossible, it sounded to say, "Teddy is dead." How was this to be told to Esme? Esme, whose whole heart was given to this favorite brother! How dark and silent and bitterly cold it was!

The black sky above, the hard veilt beneath him, were whirling and reeling in one giddy circle, and he remembered no more.

Long afterward, when a strong party arrived, with lights and rugs and restoratives, and an ambulance, a party comprising one or two officers, including Captain Gee, that little gentleman, for once in his life, became livid when his quick eyes rested, as he first believed, on the two dead Brabazons, with the faithful brown charger keeping guard over them. On closer examination it was discovered that Miles was only insensible from exposure and loss of blood; but with the knitted cardigan coat, of which he had deprived himself hours previously, he had covered a corpse.

Next morning, at daybreak, there was a military funeral, and Teddy was buried within a short distance of the camp. His cousin, pale as death itself, with his arm in a sling, walked alone behind the rude coffin as chief mourner, and Kitty followed her master for the last time. The coffin was covered by a Union Jack, and carried by the men of Teddy's regiment; not a few rough troopers felt a very unusual tightness in the throat when they heard the hard, yellow earth rattle on the coffin of "Gentleman Brown." The dead trooper was buried beside him. They lie on the spur of a hill, around them there stretches a wide sea of waving grass; above their heads are two rude wooden crosses. No foot is likely to come that way; no noise, no sound, disturbs their repose; only a vast plain, only an

Mrs. Brabazon wept and wailed and "carried on," to quote the servants; she would set up handkerchiefs with portentous black borders to meet the emergency. But while Gussie was almost unrecognizable from crying, Esme had never shed one tear! She refused to believe it; she went dry-eyed and stony-faced about the house, with an air of ghastly composure; very quiet, very pale, and unnaturally calm. It was useless for the others to whisper that they "wished she would cry," that she might find the blessed relief of tears, she whose tears had always been so easily provoked. It was useless, she could not. "I cannot believe it," she said to her sister. "Why should he be taken among hundreds? Even if he were, I don't think I would mind it; my heart seems like a stone. I seem to have no feeling about anything now." Gussie was very sorry for Teddy in his own way; indeed, quite as sorry as she could be for anyone. She had meant to have been so good to him when he came home, have him stay in her smart London house, and visions of her handsome lazier brother adorning her little receptions had floated more than once through her brain; but now there was an end to all this, and really she was very, very sorry. How abominably trying mourning was to her, she told herself frankly.

He collected his belongings, which were few, and put them up with the aid of Teddy's soldier servant, whose voice was husky, and who many times turned away to rub the back of his horny hand across his eyes. But there was one little box that Miles investigated alone; it contains two photographs of Esme, a small, battered, brown prayer book, presented by her ten years previously, in a straggling round hand—between its leaves were two or three withered flowers; there was his watch, with a broken mainspring; a program of the regimental tournament at York, and last, not least, carefully folded in silver paper and an envelope, a tiny four-button woman's glove, rather worn.

"It was not Esme's," said Miles, as he turned it carefully over, with a lover's critical discrimination. "It probably belonged to Teddy's nameless sweetheart." He did not put it up along with the other reliques, for it told a tale intelligible to him alone; it was not to be thrown away, this token that Teddy had treasured; no, he himself would keep this little tan glove, belonging to a girl he had never seen, whose name he would never know; nor would she herself ever learn the fate of her mysterious, unavowed lover. He had died, and made no sign.

Miles took part in that fifty minutes' battle, when a solid square of English kept the bold and reckless enemy at bay by a deadly wall of fire, and subsequently returned with the column to Natal.

Of course he was the owner of Kitty, having purchased her for one hundred and fifty pounds' purchase which reduced his exchequer to a very low ebb; but he was resolved to have her at any price, and a feeling that he had the best right to her restrained the lancers from bidding for her, when their late brother officer's scanty possessions were sold by the committee of adjustment.

CHAPTER XIX.

To Mr. Bell was sent the telegram announcing Teddy's death, and it was with a heavy heart that he walked up to Barstowford that lovely June morning. He himself had been very fond of the family's seaport, and his usually cheery, ruddy countenance was downcast and looked graver and less florid than usual. Everything around seemed out of keeping with the tidings of which he was the bearer. A bright blue sky, unclouded by even one tiny white fleecy, busy bees roaming importantly to and fro, butterflies flickering and darting across his path, the air loaded with the sweet perfume of new-mown hay, and birds singing in the bushes as if they were holding a morning concert. Mr. Bell, with eight words in his pocket, is going to turn this house of sunshine and laughter into a house of gloom and mourning. The swing door flew back with a bang, and displayed Gussie, tennis bat in hand, a grotesque scarlet felt hat with embroidered sunflower on her head. "Hurry, hurry, Esme, don't be all day! Oh, Mr. Bell," as she suddenly confronted him, "this is a piece of luck! the very man to make up a set at tennis," she cried, affectionately. "Come along at once, you shall be my partner. There's going to be a tournament at the Chipperton's to-morrow, and we want to get our hands well in."

Well does Mr. Bell know that neither to-morrow, nor for many to-morrows, will there be a tennis tournament for them. His face unconsciously conveys a reflection of his thoughts; his round, merry countenance looks grave, his twinkling, frank blue eyes dim and misty.

Annie, who had seen that there was something wrong at the very first glance, hurried to him with a white, startled face, and said, meekly:

"It's not Miles, is it?"

"No," he returned, averting his glance and shaking his head.

"Then it is Teddy," cried Esme, with livid lips, having but that moment come upon the scene. "It is, it is. I see it in your face, Mr. Bell. He has been wounded! I'm sure he has," with sudden conviction, seizing the rector by the arm as she spoke. "Oh," in a voice of concentrated anguish, "do not be afraid to tell me the worst! I can bear it, I can, indeed. I have a right to know first," interposing herself between him and the drawing room door. "Is he badly wounded?"

"I must see Mrs. Brabazon," he returned, huskily, pushing her aside with assumed brusqueness, and shaking off her detaining hand with a gesture of decision. For once he was glad and thankful to seek sanctuary with the head of the house in her own apartment, and to shut out those you never tell me a thing."

The Senator smiled and so did those about him, for they appreciated that the Judge had given a capital description of Mr. Gorman.—Philadelphia Press.

WILLING.

Rich Young Woman (to her fiance's servant)—Johnson, I am afraid it is not altogether agreeable to you to have your master marry?

Johnson—Your are mistaken, madam. I shall then be sure at least of securing my back wages.—New York World.

Ab Ak, a Boothbay (Maine) fisherman, claims to have the shortest name on record.

The early bird gets caught by the milliner.

LITTLE BOY WAS TERRIBLY ABUSED

Marcellon Farmer Arrested Charged with Assaulting a Little Child in His Care.

Portage, Wis., July 10.—[Special.]

Agent Brandt of the state school for dependent children at Sparta swore out a warrant for the arrest of Fred Cuff, a Marcellon farmer, for assault and battery on the person of Otto Schultz, a 10-year-old lad, who had been a ward of that institution but had gone to live with Cuff. The lad was brought to this city, and his injuries photographed. His lower limbs were a mass of unhealed wounds, affected with the result of the beating he had received. Sheriff Leith arrested Cuff yesterday and brought him to this city. He was released on a bond for \$200 to appear tomorrow for a hearing.

CREW NEARLY DROWNS.

The Yacht Old Abe of Sheboygan Capsizes off Port Wash-

DISCARD WINE AT COMMUNION SERVICE

Free Baptist Church at Big Bend will Use Water Instead.

Big Bend, Wis., July 10.—[Special.]

The members of the Free Baptist church of this place have decided not to use wine at communion services. The congregation is composed, for the most part, of prohibitionists. The new pastor, Rev. Mr. Hancock, seemed much surprised at first, but accepted the wishes of his flock and commemorated the Lord's Supper by using cold water.

SHEPHERD MILLION A MONTH.

That is what Clark is taking out of the United Verde Mine.

"It is just the same as a mountain of twenty-dollar gold pieces," said Charles W. Akers, the secretary of the territorial government of Arizona. He is from Phoenix and will remain in Washington until time to go to the Philadelphia convention. He is chairman of the delegation. The mine is of twenty-dollar gold value. The mine is the greatest mine in the world. There is so much silver, gold and copper there that it makes one fairly dizzy to figure out how much. Senator Clark is almost the sole owner of the mine. The other shareholders have merely enough for the purposes of corporate organization. The profit now is \$1,000,000 a month. This is 5 cents too little, rather than too much. There can be no possible doubt about this. Now the lowest levels at which they are working with the same amount of profit for fifty years.

If the mine could be worked to make as much money as possible, a tunnel would be prepared at about 2,500 feet level. It would come out a river and furnish plenty of water. Engineers have shown that the ore is of the same quality to this depth. If the plan of the progressive engineers were adopted, 25,000 men might be employed instead of 3,000. I would not even guess at what would be taken from the mine then. The ore bears gold, silver and copper. If there were only the same quantity of one of these metals, the mine would be worth working for that alone.

"Not many miles away Senator Clark has enough property which the experts say is just as valuable as this. The title to this other property has been in litigation for about six years, but Senator Clark has won the final verdict. I do not know that this other property is to be developed at once. Arizona is in a very flourishing condition at present. The mining properties are getting on much better footing. Formerly some of the Arizona enterprises had rather poor names, but the public is learning that they have real worth."—Washington Post.

MARKET REPORTS.

MILWAUKEE, July 11, 1909.

EGG AND DAIRY PRODUCTS.

MILWAUKEE—Eggs—Market steady at 4¢ for new, cases included; 3½¢ for old, cases included; dried: dirited and strands, 7½¢.

The receipts were:

EGGS—Market firm. The receipts were 2,323 lbs today against 10,622 yesterday.

There is a good demand for all grades of butter, especially choice creamery, which is very scarce here. Dairy scarce and wanted; fancy prices 75¢ fancy and extra creamery, per lb. 45¢; cream, 40¢; imitation creamery, 15¢; butter, 45¢; imitation creamery, 15¢; butter, 45¢; fancy dairy prices, 75¢.

FRESH EGGS—Market firm. The receipts were 2,323 lbs today against 10,622 yesterday.

There is a good demand for all grades of butter, especially choice creamery, which is very scarce here. Dairy scarce and wanted; fancy prices 75¢ fancy and extra creamery, per lb. 45¢; cream, 40¢; imitation creamery, 15¢; butter, 45¢; fancy dairy prices, 75¢.

EGG AND DAIRY PRODUCTS.

MILWAUKEE—Butter—Receipts, 9120 lbs; steady; creamery, 17¢; 19¢; 21¢; factory, 12¢; cheese—Receipts, 1500 lbs; steady; large white, 35¢; large colored, 45¢; small white, 35¢; small colored, 45¢.

Eggs—Receipts, 720 pkgs; firm; Western, at mark, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; for average, 13¢.

Western, at mark, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; Sugar—Raw, firm, fair retailing, 4¢; centrifugal, 3¢; refined, 2¢; molasses sugar, 4¢; Coffee—Weak; No. 2, 7¢.

NEW YORK—Butter—Receipts, 9120 lbs; steady; creamery, 17¢; 19¢; 21¢; factory, 12¢; cheese—Receipts, 1500 lbs; steady; large white, 35¢; large colored, 45¢; small white, 35¢; small colored, 45¢.

EGG AND DAIRY PRODUCTS.

On the board 20 factories offered 1,397 boxes cheese. Sales were:

Thirty-three twines at 95¢; 316 dashes at 95¢; 752 Young Americans at 95¢; 116 at 95¢; 50 longhorns at 10¢.

SEYMOUR—Sales of cheese were 373 lbs at 92¢; 373 dashes and dashes, and 47 single dashes at 94¢; 612 lbs.

MILWAUKEE LIVESTOCK MARKET.

HOGS—Receipts, 8 cars; market 30c low;

high, 32¢; 20¢; on track, 40¢; 42¢; 45¢.

CATTLE—Receipts, 3 cars; market 125c low;

high, 130c; 125c; 135c; 140c; 145c; 150c; 155c; 160c; 165c; 170c; 175c; 180c; 185c; 190c; 195c; 200c; 205c; 210c; 215c; 220c; 225c; 230c; 235c; 240c; 245c; 250c; 255c; 260c; 265c; 270c; 275c; 280c; 285c; 290c; 295c; 300c; 305c; 310c; 315c; 320c; 325c; 330c; 335c; 340c; 345c; 350c; 355c; 360c; 365c; 370c; 375c; 380c; 385c; 390c; 395c; 400c; 405c; 410c; 415c; 420c; 425c; 430c; 435c; 440c; 445c; 450c; 455c; 460c; 465c; 470c; 475c; 480c; 485c; 490c; 495c; 500c; 505c; 510c; 515c; 520c; 525c; 530c; 535c; 540c; 545c; 550c; 555c; 560c; 565c; 570c; 575c; 580c; 585c; 590c; 595c; 600c; 605c; 610c; 615c; 620c; 625c; 630c; 635c; 640c; 645c; 650c; 655c; 660c; 665c; 670c; 675c; 680c; 685c; 690c; 695c; 700c; 705c; 710c; 715c; 720c; 725c; 730c; 735c; 740c

NEKOOSA.

Lee Schlatterer, who has acted as agent for the C. M. & St. P. R. R. here for the past two years, has been promoted to Grand Rapids to succeed Mr. Fries. It is with regret that we see Mr. and Mrs. Schlatterer leave us and we hope they may find Grand Rapids a pleasant place to live. Mr. Schlatterer was succeeded by Mr. Hanover of Necedah.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Weir, arrived from Hamilton, Ohio, on Thursday of last week and are boarding at the Herrick House. Mr. Weir took his departure a week before, ostensibly to visit his mother, consequently his return with his bride was a surprise to his friends.

A party of young people drove down from Grand Rapids last Saturday afternoon returning home afterward. Among the party were Edith Nash, Maurine Johnson, and Viola Garrison, Robt. Morse, Chas. Pamainville and Lawrence Nash.

Ray Early returned last Saturday from Kaukauna where he had been visiting his grandparents for a couple of weeks. He was accompanied home by his aunt, Miss Grignon.

Mr. Westfeld, of Bruges, New Hampshire, arrived in the village last week and has been duly installed as superintendent of the sulphite mill.

Mrs. J. E. Thomas and Katharine Treat returned from Grand Rapids on Thursday after a week's visit among friends there.

A. N. Marvin has purchased the residence of Lee Schlatterer and will move his family in before long.

Miss Rena Houston, of your city has been the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Wm. Hooper during the past week.

Dr. Donald Waters returned Wednesday from Keenau where he has been for the past few days.

Mrs. Reed, Mrs. Early and Miss Grignon were Grand Rapids guests on Thursday last.

Mrs. G. C. Hyde is visiting in Chicago and other Illinois points.

VESPER.

Geo. F. West and Frank J. McCoselli, of Darlington and Willis Hunt and G. W. Stevens, of Lamont, Wis., were looking up good investments around here Tuesday and Wednesday, they went to Marshfield, after spending a day there they will go up to Taylor county. If they found nothing that suited them better they expect to return to Vesper; the latter part of the week. They were well pleased with the country but thought that values were a little too high.

The ladies of the Congregational church netted \$5 from their efforts on the Fourth. The proceeds will be used to buy an ice cream freezer. Then every two weeks during the hot season ice cream will be served in the hall to all who care for that delicious dish. The dates will be announced in next week's paper. The proceeds will be used to liquidate the indebtedness now standing against the society amounting to \$25.00.

Here is an indication of the prosperity of Vesper. Mike Cahill is building a new house. John Rolsma, Garrett Louman and John Moliet are building additions to their houses. Chas. Tomfohede is painting his house and the painter is also engaged to paint the school house. Martin Hookstra, Aaron Hookstra and Fred Graham are building barns.

Mike Calvan, of Manawa, Wis., is here as agent of the Chicago Portrait Co. He reports an excellent business in Sigel township during the past week. He is an old schoolmate of George Smith who taught the Hanson school the past year.

F. W. Merrill and Eugene Smith are attending the teachers' institute at Marshfield this week. Mr. Merrill rode up on his wheel. He had been told that it was 16 miles to Marshfield but he says that it is every inch of 23 miles.

Miss Mabel Murgatroyd is expected home the latter part of this week. She has been at Gray's Lake, Ill., studying music the past year.

MARSHFIELD ITEMS.

There are prospects that there will be another match between Bell and Adamson. Adamson has put up a forfeit and wants to wrestle for \$250 a side, strangle hold barred. They have met twice before and each won one match. In the first match the strangle hold was barred and Adamson won, but in the second all holds were open and Bell won. Both men are good wrestlers and they are quite evenly matched.

Now that the plans have been accepted and everything arranged for the building of the new city hall the question has been raised as to whether it is lawful to bond the city without taking a vote on the question. The city attorney thinks the matter will have to be left to the people while the council thought it was a matter that they had the authority to handle.

A good roads meeting was held in this city on Monday evening. John F. Cole, P. N. Christensen and John June were appointed a committee to prepare a set of resolutions in which the county board will be asked to appropriate \$4,000 to be used in the purchase of road machines for the purpose of improving the roads.

Henry Hunger, the twelve-year-old lad who was arrested for putting a tie on the track, had his hearing on Monday and was bound over to the circuit court. He confessed to having done the deed, but claimed he did not expect it would cause any damage.

Charles Schreder, formerly alderman here died Wednesday night from the effects of blood poisoning. He burned his wrist while at work in his blacksmith shop and it was from this that the trouble started. He leaves a wife and several children.

White Man Turned Yellow. Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty, of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was Yellow Jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful stomach and liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merit for all stomach, liver and kidney troubles. Only 50c. Sold by Johnson & Hill Co., druggist.

CRANMOOR.

Though the frost of June 29, was not as killing as at first thought, it is quite easy at this time to see that from 25 to 50 per cent. of the cranberry crop was destroyed. Perhaps the least injured was the Arpin marsh then the Warner, Bennett and Gaynor marshes while on the Johnson, Hill & Lester piecing between the last two named the destruction was very great. At Robert Rezin's the garden, as well as the cranberries, was badly damaged.

The Jumbo sections on the Whiteley marsh are apparently uninjured, other sections and the native marsh did not escape so well. The loss on the Rezin Bros. marsh is perhaps 40 per cent. and some blight now shows on the Fitch and Foley plantings. Twice since this severe frost the mercury has fallen almost to the freezing point but our saving grace came in the very heavy dew that fell early in the evening.

Wm. Boyce, of Plainfield, was a business caller at the home of Ralph Smith Thursday and a guest over night at the Whiteley home. Chas. Whittlesey also spent Thursday night under the paternal roof.

We extend heartfelt sympathy to Mrs. Emma Brundage for the great loss she sustains and deplore the early demise of her husband, Edward B. Brundage.

W. H. Fitch took the five o'clock train for Grand Rapids Wednesday and went to Valley Junction on the late train.

Mrs. Cohn and family, of Waupaca, arrived Wednesday noon and will spend some time at their marsh home.

Thomas McGovern, who left for Rochester, Minn., early in the month returned Thursday evening.

Mrs. W. H. Fitch and sister Miss Caroline Fitch were shopping in the city Wednesday.

Mrs. George Scott visited in Grand Rapids from Saturday till Monday.

Timothy Foley transacted business at Port Edwards, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Gaynor were city visitors Friday.

GENERAL COUNTY.

The boilers in Joseph Applebaker's sawmill, located in the western part of the city of Pittsville, exploded last Tuesday evening at a few minutes to five o'clock. The report was heard two miles away and quickly drew a large crowd. The boiler had not been working all the afternoon and at about 4:55 John Troupe, the engineer closed the mill down to ascertain the cause. Upon examining the indicator and stop cocks he noticed the water was acting queerly in the gauge and called to the men to get out of the way. Almost at the same instant the explosion occurred, filling the air with dust and debris. Applebaker, who was standing a few rods from the mill, was struck in the back by one of the fire grates, breaking four ribs and a hip. Frank Murray, the sawyer was struck in the face, sustaining a bad cut.

John Troupe, the engineer, who was standing within six feet of the boiler, escaped without a scratch. The boiler and engine were blown a distance of nearly 125 feet. The mill was a small concern, having been built to do custom work and employed only six or seven men. The cause of the explosion is unknown, but it is attributed to a weak place in the boiler.

Mrs. John Schultz, of the town of Sigel met with an accident last week that came near proving fatal. She was holding a team that was hitched to a load of hay when the wind blew the door of the barn shut with such force as to scare the horses. She attempted to hold them and in doing so was jerked under the wagon. The front wheel passed over her body and bruised her considerably, but no permanent injury was done her.

Mr. John Morgan, of Dexterville, and Miss Jennie Fisley, were united in marriage at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Fisley, five miles northwest of Pittsville.

Both parties are well known in this end of the county.

At the school meeting held at Pittsville last Monday afternoon Frank Henderson was elected clerk in the place of C. H. Dawes. Mike Sowell elected treasurer in place of Henry Smith, resigned.

The saw mill of Chas. E. Smith at Miltidore has been closed, he having finished his cut for the season. The planing mill will start soon and Mr. Smith will then begin shipping lumber.

Paul Becher, of Pittsville and Miss Gerritide Wedderup, of Milwaukee, were married at Milwaukee on Thursday of last week. They will reside at Pittsville.

There being no further business upon motion council adjourned.

The treasurer's report for June was presented as follows:

June 1 To Bal on hand.....\$ 500.51

1st To saloon license..... 40.00

To druggists permits..... 50.00

To water rental..... 45.00

By order paid during month..... 144.92

By balance on hand..... 144.92

Above report was received and ordered filed.

There being no further business upon motion council adjourned.

MILTON W. MOSHER,

City Clerk.

DAY AFTER DAY

As earnestly and courteously as possible we invite your custom and give you good reason for doing so. We give telling facts as to styles and prices.

Here is something for this month that means pleasure and profit for you.

\$2.50 MEN'S SHOES.

A shoe that formerly sold at \$3.25.

\$2.25 to \$2 Ladies Shoes

A shoe that formerly sold for \$2.75 and \$2.50.

Children's Shoes

Tan and Black. Up-to-date in style and at a great reduction from former price.

Zimmerman,

The West Side Shoe Man.
Near the bridge.

DR. H. MC ELWEE,



Late of Chicago,

Will Visit Grand Rapids,

Saturday, July 21, 1900

at the Witter House,

One day only, and every four weeks thereafter.

This following communication was presented to the council:

Grand Rapids, Wis., June 25, 1900.

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

GENTLEMEN:—The Business Men's Association have under consideration the location of one or two industries, and in order to have the same located here, it will be necessary to offer some inducements in the way of bonus and free taxes for a number of years.

One proposition we have under consideration contemplates the securing of a Shoe Factory employing 100 hands.

The Business Men's Association would like to have an expression of your views as to whether you would allow free taxes for a term of five years, providing we can secure the other inducements necessary to bring these people here. It is necessary to know this at once, in order to make them proposition on these lines.

Hope that you can pass a resolution which would give the necessary encouragement. Yours very truly,

E. P. ARPIN,
Pres. Bus. Men's Ass'n.

Resolution offered by Alderman Oberbeck: That the common council do hereby agree, as far as it is in its power to do so, to secure free taxes for a term of five years, providing such factories can be secured, said free taxes to be allowed by rebate, or in some other manner.

Resolution adopted.

The west side fire department asked council to advance them their year's salary. On motion the clerk was authorized to draw an order in favor of the west side fire department to the amount of \$200.00.

Moved and carried, that the city engineer, street commissioner, and Mr. Vaughan mark the water lot the city bought of Mrs. S. E. Vaughan by stone monuments.

Moved and carried that deed to the city of Grand Rapids obtained from the John Edwards estate be recorded and that Centralia order drawn before consolidation for same be delivered.

The committee to draw up an ordinance providing for the cleaning up and dumping of garbage were granted another month to report.

Under suspension of the rules the following bills were allowed.

Northwestern Stamp Works, dog checks..... 4.66

Two City Electric Line Light..... 20.66

1st Philanthropic Fire Protection..... 129.09

Taylor & Scoville, lighting power-house..... 51.01

Razzell Mfg. Co., stoves..... 1.50

W. L. Compton, hauling engine, Canning..... 2.50

The Gould Company, pipe cutter..... 7.50

F. Phillips, leather goods, etc..... 15.88

F. Phillips, leather goods, etc..... 21.88

A. L. Fontaine, printing, newspapers..... 21.88

W. S. Gardner, city time moving hydrants..... 25.22

W. S. Gardner, time for 1/4" 15' 6" on sewers and streets..... 124.74

The waterworks engineer made following report for month of June.

Wood consumed, \$14.50, or \$2.00..... 80.00

Valve oil, 1/2 gal. at 25 cents..... 12.50

Engine oil, 1/2 gal. at 30 cents..... 7.50

Kerosene, 6 gal. at 12 cents..... 72.00

Waste..... 22.00

Waterpump during mo, 8.61/2 gallons..... 85.00

Above report was received and ordered filed.

There being no further business upon motion council adjourned.

MILTON W. MOSHER,

City Clerk.

Bicycles & Supplies.

Repairing done on short notice....

WHEELS RENTED.

Eugene Miller,

316 Front Street, East Side.

GERMAN ..PAIN CURE.

Cures Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Lame Back, Headache, Tooth-ache, Colic, Cholera Mortis, Sprains, Crimizans, Corns, etc.

All Kinds of Pains and Bruises.

Manufactured by...

A. MESS,

Box 94, Marshfield, Wis.

FOR BARGAINS

...In...

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